Xavier University
Employee Compliance Packet
2021
IMPORTANT NOTICES REGARDING YOUR HEALTH INSURANCE RIGHTS

Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA)

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For an individual receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined by consultation with the attending physician and the patient for:

- All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
- Prostheses
- Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient

Special Enrollment

If you are declining enrollment for you or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance coverage, you may, in the future, be able to enroll you or your dependents in the plan, provided that your request enrollment within 30 days after your other coverage ends (COBRA or state continuation coverage ends, divorce, legal separation, death, termination of employment or reduction in hours worked; or because the employer contributions cease).

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll you and your dependents, provided you request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption.

If you decline enrollment for yourself or for your dependents (including your spouse) while Medicaid coverage or coverage under a state children’s health insurance program is in effect, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage. However, you must request enrollment within 60 days after your or your dependents’ coverage ends under Medicaid or a state children’s health insurance program.

If you or your dependents (including your spouse) become eligible for a state premium assistance subsidy from Medicaid or through a state children’s health insurance program with respect to coverage under this plan, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan. However, you must request enrollment within 60 days after your or your dependents’ determination of eligibility for such assistance.

- If you have any questions, please contact Teresa Hardin at 513-745-2071

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Michelle’s Law (2010)

Michelle’s Law prohibits the termination of health coverage if the child takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school or changes to part-time status. The leave of absence must:

- Be medically necessary (and certified by a physician as medically necessary)
- Commence while the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury
- Cause the child to lose student status for the purposes of coverage under the plan (either from an absence from school or reducing his/her course load to part time)

To take advantage of the extension, the child must be enrolled in the group health plan by being a student at a post-secondary educational institution immediately before the first day of the leave.

Coverage must extend for one year after the first day of the leave (or, if earlier, the date coverage would otherwise terminate under the plan). The student on leave is entitled to the same benefits as if they had not taken a leave. If coverage changes during the student’s leave, then this law applies in the same manner as the prior coverage.

General Notice of COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights

Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA

Introduction
You’re getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. **This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it.** When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan’s Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

**You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage.** For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs.

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Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse’s plan), even if that plan generally doesn’t accept late enrollees.

**What is COBRA continuation coverage?**

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a “qualifying event.” Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a “qualified beneficiary.” You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you’re an employee, you’ll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you’re the spouse of an employee, you’ll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse’s hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee’s hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a “dependent child.”
When is COBRA continuation coverage available?
The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

- The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
- Death of the employee; or,
- The employee’s becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child’s losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to: Human Resources.

How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?
Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

**Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage**
If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

**Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage**
If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent
child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

**Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?**
Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse’s plan) through what is called a “special enrollment period.” Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

**Can I enroll in Medicare instead of COBRA continuation coverage after my group health plan coverage ends?**
In general, if you don’t enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you don’t enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare. For more information visit https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you.

**If you have questions**
Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA’s website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

**Keep your Plan informed of address changes**
To protect your family’s rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

- **If you have any questions, please contact Teresa Hardin at 513-745-2071**

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The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) requires the Xavier University plan, including each of its component health plans, (collectively the “Plan”) to provide you with this notice (“Notice”) that explains our privacy practices and outlines your rights under the Plan. This Notice does not change, diminish or limit your coverage in any way.

The terms of this Notice apply to the Plan. The information provided in this Notice applies to all persons, including all of your covered dependents.

Our Privacy Pledge

We understand that medical information about you and your health is personal. We are committed to protecting medical information about you. Additionally, we are required by law to maintain the privacy of our members’ protected health information (PHI) and provide you with certain rights with respect to your PHI.

Generally, PHI is individually identifiable health information, including demographic information, collected from you or created or received by a health care provider, health care clearinghouse, health plan, or your employer on behalf of a health plan, that relates to: (i) your past, present or future physical or mental health or condition; (ii) the provision of health care to you; or (iii) the past, present or future payment for the provision of health care to you. This Notice applies to all of the PHI we receive about you and your applicable dependents, whether made by hospital personnel, your personal doctor, other practitioners involved in your care, our third-party claims administrator, stop-loss carrier or network providers. When contracted claims administrators and other third parties’ services involve the use of your PHI, they will be required to perform their duties in a manner consistent with this Notice. Your personal doctor may have different policies or notices regarding his/her use and disclosure of your medical information created in his/her office or clinic.

We share PHI only as necessary to carry out treatment, payment and healthcare operations for the products and services you request and as permitted by law. We will not use or disclose your PHI for employment related actions and decisions or in connection with any non-health benefits or another employee benefit plan we sponsor. We will ensure your PHI received by our Human Resources Department is not disclosed to other employees of the company in violation of this Notice. We will destroy your PHI or continue to maintain privacy of it when the law requires its retention.

We reserve the right to change the terms of this Notice (even retroactively) and to make new provisions regarding your PHI that we maintain, as allowed or required by law. If our privacy practices change, we will send you a revised Notice if you are still a member of the Plan. Additionally, you may request a copy of this notice at any time by mailing a request to the Privacy Officer at the address at the end of this Notice.
Uses and Disclosures of Your Personal Health Information

We (independently or via a third party) will not use or disclose your PHI except in the following circumstances:

Your Authorization: We may use or disclose your PHI if you have signed a form authorizing the use or disclosure and then only in accordance with such authorization. You have the right to revoke the authorization in writing at any time. Your revocation will not affect any use or disclosure made pursuant to your authorization while it was in effect.

Personal Representatives: We will disclose your PHI to individuals authorized by you, or to an individual designated as your personal representative, attorney-in-fact, etc., so long as you provide us with a written notice/authorization and any supporting documents (e.g., power of attorney or a court order of appointment of the person as your guardian).

Spouses and Dependents: With only limited exceptions, we will send all mail to the employee. This includes mail relating to the employee’s spouse and other family members who are covered under the Plan. If a person covered under the Plan has requested restrictions or confidential communications (see below), and if we have agreed to the request, we will send mail as provided in the request.

Disclosures for Treatment: We may make disclosures of your PHI as necessary for your treatment. For example, a doctor involved in your care may request your PHI that we hold to supplement his/her own records.

Uses and Disclosures for Payment: We may use and disclose your PHI as necessary for payment purposes. For example, we may use information regarding your medical procedures and treatment to process and pay claims. The Plan will mail Explanation of Benefits forms and other information to you at the address on record.

Uses and Disclosures for Health Care Operations: We may use and disclose your PHI, as necessary and as permitted by law for our health care operations which may include utilization review and management, underwriting, enrollment, auditing and other functions related to your Plan. For example, we may use information about your claims to refer you to a disease management program, project future benefit costs or audit the accuracy of the claims processing functions. However, we will not use your genetic information for underwriting purposes.

Disclosures to Family and Friends Involved in Your Care: We may disclose to designated family, friends, or others your PHI directly relevant to such person’s involvement with your care or payment for your care. For example, if a family member or a caregiver calls the Plan with prior knowledge of a claim, the Plan may confirm whether or not the claim has been received and paid. You may instruct us, in writing, to stop or limit this kind of disclosure.

Outside Business Associates: Certain aspects of our services are performed through contracts with outside persons or organizations, such as auditing and legal services. At times it may be necessary for us to provide portions of your PHI to one or more of these outside persons or organizations who assist us with health care operations. In all cases, we require these business associates to safeguard the privacy of your information.

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Other Health-Related Products or Services: We may use your PHI to determine whether you might be interested in, or benefit from, treatment alternatives or other health-related programs, products, or services which may be available to you under your plan. For example, we may use or disclose PHI to send you treatment reminders for services such as mammograms or prostate cancer screenings. We will not use your information to communicate with you about products or services which are not health-related without your written permission.

Other Uses and Disclosures: We are permitted by law to make certain uses and disclosures of your PHI without your authorization.

We may release your PHI for any of the following purposes:

- **Required by Law:** We will disclose your PHI when required to do so by federal, state or local law.

- **Plan Sponsor:** For purposes of maintaining the Plan, we may disclose your PHI to certain employees of the company. However, those employees will only use or disclose that information as necessary to perform plan administration functions or as otherwise required by HIPAA, unless you have authorized further disclosures.

- **Health Oversight Activities:** We may disclose your PHI to a government agency authorized to oversee the health care system or government programs, or its contractors (e.g., state insurance department, U.S. Department of Labor) for activities authorized by law, such as audits, examinations, investigations, inspections and licensure activities.

- **Legal Proceedings:** We may disclose your PHI in response to a court or administrative order, subpoena, discovery request or other lawful process, under certain circumstances.

- **Law Enforcement:** We may disclose your PHI to law enforcement officials under limited circumstances. For example, in response to a warrant or subpoena; for the purpose of identifying or locating a suspect, witness, or missing person; or to provide information concerning victims of crimes.

- **For Public Health Activities:** We may disclose your PHI to a government agency that oversees the health care system or government programs for activities such as, but not limited to, preventing or controlling disease or activities related to the quality, safety or effectiveness of an FDA-regulated product or activity.

- **Workers’ Compensation:** We may disclose your PHI when authorized by and to the extent necessary to comply with workers’ compensation laws and similar programs.

- **Victims of Abuse, Neglect, or Domestic Violence:** We may disclose your PHI to appropriate authorities if we reasonably believe you are a possible victim of abuse, neglect, domestic violence or other crimes.

- **Coroners, Medical Examiners, Funeral Directors, and Organ Donation:** In certain instances, we may disclose your PHI to coroners, medical examiners or funeral directors and in connection with organ donation or transplantation.

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• Research: We may disclose your PHI to researchers, if certain established steps are taken to protect your privacy.

• Threat to Health or Safety: We may disclose your PHI to the extent necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to your health or safety, or the health or safety of others.

• For Specialized Government Functions: We may disclose your PHI in certain circumstances or situations to a correctional institution if you are an inmate in a correctional facility, to an authorized federal official when it is required for lawful intelligence or other national security activities or to an authorized authority of the Armed Forces.

Minimum Necessary Standard

When using or disclosing PHI or when requesting PHI from another covered entity, we will make reasonable efforts not to use, disclose or request more than the minimum amount of information necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the use, disclosure or request, taking into consideration practical and technological limitations.

However, the minimum necessary standard will not apply in the following situations:

- disclosures to or requests by a health care provider for treatment
- uses or disclosures made to the individual
- disclosures made to the Secretary of the US Department of Health & Human Services
- uses or disclosures that are required by law
- uses or disclosures that are required for the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Standards
- uses or disclosures made pursuant to an authorization

This Notice does not apply to information that has been de-identified. De-identified information is health information that does not identify an individual, and with respect to which there is no reasonable basis to believe that the information can be used to identify an individual.

In addition, we may use or disclose "summary health information" for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending or terminating the Plan. Summary health information summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or type of claims experienced by individuals for whom we have provided health benefits under the Plan, and from which identifying information has been deleted in accordance with the HIPAA Privacy Standards.

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Your Rights

Access to Your PHI: You have the right to copy and inspect the PHI we retain on your behalf. All requests for access must be in writing and be signed by you or your representative. If the information you request is maintained electronically, and you request an electronic copy, we will provide a copy in the electronic form and format you request, if the information can be readily produced in that form and format. If the information cannot be readily produced, we will work with you to come to an agreement on form and format and if one can’t be reached, we will provide a paper copy. We reserve the right to charge you a reasonable copying fee if you request a paper copy of the information. We also reserve the right to charge for postage if you request a mailed copy.

Amendments to Your PHI: You have the right to request, in writing, PHI we maintain about you be amended. We are not obligated to make all requested amendments, but we will give each request careful consideration. All amendment requests, in order to be considered by us, must be in writing, signed by you or your representative, and must state the reasons for the amendment request. If an amendment you request is made by us, we may also notify others who work with us. You may request an amendment by sending a written request to the address listed at the end of this notice.

Confidential communications: You have the right to request confidential communications. If you believe that normal communications would put you in danger (as in situations of domestic violence), you may request that the Plan send communications with PHI (e.g., an Explanation of Benefits) to you by alternative means or to an alternative location. Your request must be in writing. Such requests, if reasonable, will be accommodated when you state in the request that you believe normal communications would endanger you.

Restrictions on Uses and Disclosures of Your PHI: You may request, in writing, we restrict uses and disclosures of your PHI to carry out treatment, payment or health care operations, or to restrict disclosures to family members, relatives, friends or other persons identified by you who are involved in your care or payment for your care. However, we are not required to agree to your requested restriction, but we will attempt to accommodate reasonable requests when appropriate, and we retain the right to terminate an agreed-to restriction if we believe such termination is appropriate. In the event of a termination by us, we will notify you of such termination. You also have the right to terminate any agreed-to restriction by sending a written request to the address listed at the end of this notice.

Accounting for Disclosures of Your PHI: You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your PHI. Requests must be made in writing, signed by you or your representative, and sent to the address listed at the end of this notice. The first accounting of a 12-month period is free; we reserve the right to charge a fee for each subsequent accounting you request within the same 12-month period.

Breach Notification: You have the right to be notified in the event that we or a Business Associate discover a breach of your unsecured PHI.

Copy of this Notice: You have the right to a paper copy of this Notice upon request. Your request must be in writing and sent to the Privacy Officer. A copy of the current notice will be sent to you.

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Complaints

If you believe your rights have been violated, you can file a complaint, in writing, to the address listed at the end of this Notice. The Privacy Officer will investigate and address any issues of noncompliance with this Notice. You may also file a complaint with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights, by writing to 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, calling 1-877-696-6775, or visiting www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints. We will not retaliate against you for filing a complaint.

For Further Information

If you have any questions regarding this Notice or the subjects addressed in it, you may contact the following individual:

- If you have any questions, please contact Teresa Hardin at 513-745-2071

The information contained in this document is informational only and is not intended as, nor should it be construed as, legal advice. Neither HORAN nor its consultants provide legal, tax nor accounting advice of any kind. We make no legal representation, nor do we take legal responsibility of any kind regarding regulatory compliance. Please consult your counsel for a definitive interpretation of current statutes and regulations and their impact on you and your organization. Thank you.
Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you’re eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren’t eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won’t be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren’t already enrolled. This is called a “special enrollment” opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2020. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALABAMA – Medicaid</th>
<th>CALIFORNIA – Medicaid</th>
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| Website: [http://myalhipp.com/](http://myalhipp.com/)  
Phone: 1-855-692-5447 | Website: [https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/Pages/TPLRD_CAU_contact.aspx](https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/Pages/TPLRD_CAU_contact.aspx)  
Phone: 916-440-5676 |

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<tr>
<th>ALASKA – Medicaid</th>
<th>COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado’s Medicaid Program) &amp; Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)</th>
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| The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program  
Website: [http://myakahhipp.com/](http://myakahhipp.com/)  
Phone: 1-866-251-4861  
Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com  
Medicaid Eligibility: [http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx](http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx) | Health First Colorado Website: [https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/](https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/)  
Health First Colorado Member Contact Center: 1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711  
Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): [https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-insurance-buy-program](https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-insurance-buy-program)  
HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442 |

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<tr>
<th>ARKANSAS – Medicaid</th>
<th>FLORIDA – Medicaid</th>
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| Website: [http://myarahipp.com/](http://myarahipp.com/)  
Phone: 1-877-357-3268 |
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<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Program Description</th>
<th>Website</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
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<tr>
<td>GEORGIA – Medicaid</td>
<td>Medicaid Premium Payment Program - HIP</td>
<td><a href="https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hip">https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hip</a></td>
<td>678-564-1162 ext 2131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDIANA – Medicaid</td>
<td>Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64</td>
<td><a href="http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/">http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/</a></td>
<td>1-877-438-4479</td>
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<tr>
<td>MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth/">http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth/</a></td>
<td>1-800-862-4840</td>
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<tr>
<td>IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members">https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members</a></td>
<td>1-800-338-8366</td>
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<tr>
<td>MISSOURI – Medicaid</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.dshs.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm">http://www.dshs.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm</a></td>
<td>573-751-2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KANSAS – Medicaid</td>
<td>Medicaid</td>
<td><a href="http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/default.htm">http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/default.htm</a></td>
<td>1-800-792-4884</td>
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<td>MONTANA – Medicaid</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP">http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP</a></td>
<td>1-800-694-3084</td>
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<td>KENTUCKY – Medicaid</td>
<td>Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP)</td>
<td><a href="https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx">https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx</a></td>
<td>1-855-459-6328</td>
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<td>NEBRASKA – Medicaid</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov">http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov</a></td>
<td>1-855-632-7633</td>
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<td>LOUISIANA – Medicaid</td>
<td>Medicaid</td>
<td><a href="http://www.medicaid.la.gov">www.medicaid.la.gov</a> or <a href="http://www.ldh.la.gov/laHIPP">www.ldh.la.gov/laHIPP</a></td>
<td>1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA – Medicaid</td>
<td>Medicaid</td>
<td><a href="http://dhcfp.nv.gov">http://dhcfp.nv.gov</a></td>
<td>1-800-992-0900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAINE – Medicaid</td>
<td>Enrollment</td>
<td><a href="https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms">https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms</a></td>
<td>1-800-442-6003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm">https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm</a></td>
<td>603-271-5218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TTY: Maine relay 711</td>
<td>5218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>Medicaid Website</td>
<td>CHIP Website</td>
<td>Website</td>
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</table>
CHI Phone: 1-855-242-8228 |
| OREGON – Medicaid      | [http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx](http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx)  
To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2020, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor
Employee Benefits Security Administration
www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa
1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.cms.hhs.gov
1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2023)
Important Notice from Xavier University About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Xavier University and about your options under Medicare’s prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare’s prescription drug coverage:

1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

2. Xavier University has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the Humana is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.
What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your Xavier University coverage will not be affected. If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current Xavier University coverage, be aware that you and your dependents will be able to get this coverage back.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with [Insert Name of Entity] and don’t join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage…

Contact the person listed below for further information NOTE: You’ll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Xavier University changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.
For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the “Medicare & You” handbook. You’ll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:
- Visit www.medicare.gov
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the “Medicare & You” handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Date: October 2020
Name of Entity/Sender: Xavier University/ Teresa Hardin
Contact-Position/Office: Benefits Coordinator
Address: 3800 Victory Parkway Cincinnati, OH 45207-5400
Phone Number: 513-745-2071
PART A: General Information

When key parts of the health care law take effect in 2014, there will be a new way to buy health insurance: the Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace and employment-based health coverage offered by your employer.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?
The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away. Open enrollment for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace begins in October 2013 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2014.

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?
You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household income.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?
Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer’s health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards. If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.5% of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit.1

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution—as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage—is often excluded from income for Federal and State income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

How Can I Get More Information?
For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact Teresa Hardin at hardint@xavier.edu or 513-745-3638.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

1 An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.
PART B: Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer

This section contains information about any health coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3. Employer name</th>
<th>4. Employer Identification Number (EIN)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xavier University</td>
<td>31-0537516</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5. Employer address</th>
<th>6. Employer phone number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3800 Victory Parkway</td>
<td>513-745-3000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7. City</th>
<th>8. State</th>
<th>9. ZIP code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati</td>
<td>OH</td>
<td>45207</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10. Who can we contact about employee health coverage at this job?</th>
<th>11. Phone number (if different from above)</th>
<th>12. Email address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teresa Hardin</td>
<td>513-745-3638</td>
<td><a href="mailto:hardint@xavier.edu">hardint@xavier.edu</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Here is some basic information about health coverage offered by this employer:

- As your employer, we offer a health plan to:
  [x] All employees. Eligible employees are:
    - All employees working at least 30 hours per week.

- With respect to dependents:
  [x] We do offer coverage. Eligible dependents are:
    - Dependents are eligible until age 26.

- We do not offer coverage.

If checked, this coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

** Even if your employer intends your coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed mid-year, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

If you decide to shop for coverage in the Marketplace, HealthCare.gov will guide you through the process. Here’s the employer information you’ll enter when you visit HealthCare.gov to find out if you can get a tax credit to lower your monthly premiums.