

Xavier University

2022 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report

FOR THE 2022-2023 ACADEMIC
YEAR*

**Containing statistics for calendar years
2019, 2020 and 2021*

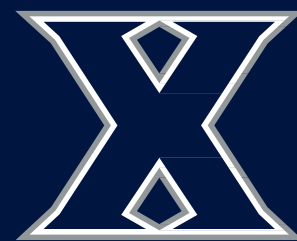


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THE ANNUAL CAMPUS SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT



This report is part of our consistent efforts to inform the Xavier University community about safety programs and services while documenting crimes reported to our department for the years 2019 – 2021. This compilation of information serves as our Annual Security Report in compliance with both the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, as well as compliance with the Annual Fire Safety Report required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act.

Robert Warfel

The Xavier University Police Department (XUPD) is committed to the safety of the entire campus community and collaborates with many community partners to maintain a high level of preparedness, training, and effective professional response. The XUPD works closely with departments from within Xavier University, the City of Cincinnati, and the City of Norwood to share information, solve problems, and continue the effective collaboration. Prevention is the most effective solution to minimize crime. We must ensure our community members and property are secure and protected by a responsible, vigilant and caring population of engaged people who report suspicious and unlawful behavior immediately to XUPD. We welcome your assistance contributing to safer campuses by getting involved. Together we maintain Xavier University as a safe place for everyone.

The 2008 amendments to the Higher Education Opportunity Act require the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report also contains fire prevention policies and information about fire safety equipment present in on-campus housing. Additionally, the report includes statistics for all fire events that occurred in campus residence halls during the calendar years from 2019-2021.

The year 2021 continued transitioning COVID-19 from a global pandemic to an endemic environment due to the continued presence of virus variants. The sustained partnership with Tri-Health remains fundamental to Xavier University's preparations and response to health and wellness challenges present in an institute of the higher education environment. Please familiarize yourself with the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report. I am confident you will be impressed with the extensive safety and security services available to members of the Xavier University community. For more information about the programs and policies outlined in the attached report, or to request a digital copy, contact 513-745-3401 or email fullera@xavier.edu.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Robert Warfel', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Robert Warfel

Director of Public Safety and Chief of Police
Xavier University

THE XAVIER UNIVERSITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

The Xavier University Police Department (XUPD) has been designated as the department responsible for compiling and publishing the University's annual security and fire safety report as required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. The purpose of the report is to provide information about security on campus, such as campus and community crime statistics, fire statistics and safety information.

The report also discloses policy information and provides safety tips, resource phone numbers and a brief overview of the many services the University provides. Information for this report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Office of the Dean of Students, the Office of Residence Life, XUPD, the Chief Title IX Officer, and the Xavier Advocate program. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions where Xavier University owns, leases or controls property, or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property. Information for this report was also obtained from the Cincinnati Police and the Norwood Police departments, respectively.

A map of the campus can be found [here](#). Keep this information where it can be easily located as it provides a useful reference source of information.

Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to XUPD. Xavier University is committed to providing campus community members and campus visitors the safest and most secure environment possible.

However, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus.

CAMPUS OVERVIEW

Xavier University has a campus population of approximately 7,000 students hailing from 48 States and 49 countries. The 190 acres and seven major residential complexes covering the main University grounds help to create a dynamic college environment at Xavier.

Xavier also operates three Accelerated Bachelor of Science in Nursing Programs (ABSN) on satellite campuses. Those campuses are located in Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus. In most cases, the protocols outlined in this report apply to those satellite campuses as they would on main campus. Exceptions pertaining to the ABSN satellite campuses are noted at the end of each section.

Campus	Address	General Phone #
Main	3800 Victory Parkway Cincinnati, OH 45207	(513) 745-3000
ABSN - Cincinnati	615 Elsinore Place 7 th Floor Cincinnati, OH 45202	(866) 890-9467
ABSN - Cleveland	Park Center Plaza III 6050 Oak Tree Blvd. Suite 200 Independence, OH 44131	(866) 890-9467
ABSN - Columbus	8425 Pulsar Place Suite 100 Columbus, OH 43240	(866) 890-9467

XAVIER UNIVERSITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

Under section 1713.50 of the Ohio Revised Codes, XUPD is a professional state-certified law enforcement organization staffed by highly-trained men and women. The department consists of 23 sworn officers and a support staff of 12 employees.

XUPD operates 24 hours a day and provides full police services to the University community. The officers are empowered to enforce all federal, state, and local laws on University property. XUPD has full authority to make arrests and carry firearms. In addition to patrol, investigation, and crime prevention, the department answer calls for assistance, such as motorist assists. XUPD officers have jurisdiction and respond to incidents on the immediate campus, and property owned or leased by the University. A Mutual Assistance Agreement signed by the City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, and the City of Norwood authorizes XUPD the police powers and authority to patrol city/public streets around campus as deemed necessary and appropriate.



XUPD maintains a close working relationship with the Cincinnati and Norwood Police, as well as other law enforcement agencies throughout Hamilton County. XUPD has a Memo of Understanding with the Cincinnati PD, Hamilton County, and the Norwood PD regarding the handling of crimes; however, that agreement does not assure assistance for the investigation of criminal incidents.

XUPD is a member of the Hamilton County Police Association and has entered into a county-wide Mutual Aid Agreement with over 48 local police agencies/departments that enables these agencies to work collaboratively to assist during a crisis or county-wide National Incident Management System (NIMS) emergency. As a participant in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and Regional Crime Information Center (RCIC), XUPD is able to transmit and receive crime information with other police agencies throughout the United States. These professional memberships are a medium for the exchange of information on new law enforcement ideas, developing protocols and existing issues.

On the main campus, an individual can report an emergency by dialing 513-745-1000 or 911.

Police Services for the ABSN sites are provided as follows:

ABSN Location	Police Department	Non-Emergency Phone #	Address
Cincinnati	Cincinnati Police Department District 4	(513) 569-8600	4150 Reading Road Avondale, OH 45229
Cleveland	Independence Police Department	(513) 524-1234	6800 Brecksville Rd, Independence, OH 44131
Columbus	Columbus Police Department	(614) 645-4545	8118 Sancus Blvd. Columbus, OH 43081

An individual can report an emergency at any ABSN campus by dialing 911.

FIRE AND CRIME LOGS

XUPD publishes a “Daily Crime and Fire Log” Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, detailing all

incidents of crime and actual fires in residence halls within the past 24-hour period, or over the weekend. The report is available for review 24 hours a day at XUPD or on XUPD's [website](#).

MONITORING AND RECORDING OF CRIMES AT NON-CAMPUS LOCATIONS

The City of Norwood typically notifies XUPD when a student is involved in an incident or crime in the City of Norwood. XUPD monitors the local Cincinnati and Norwood Police frequencies to stay current with any incidents that may impact the Xavier community. Xavier University does not have any non-campus locations of officially recognized student organizations, or student organizations with non-campus housing.

POLICIES AND REGULATIONS

EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION

Xavier University will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation, occurring on the campus, involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students and employees on campus. In accordance with amendments to the Higher Education Act of 1965, the University has implemented a comprehensive communications system with the primary method of communication being the XU Alert Me System (Text, phone, email, and electronic message signs, where available) to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community. The University may also use additional communication methods, including outdoor mass notification system, University website notices, Public Address System (where available), and building fire alarm systems.

Members of the Xavier community are automatically signed up for immediate email notification through Xavier University XU Alert Me. Additionally, all students are automatically signed up to receive immediate phone/text notification through the XU Alert Me system if the student registered a phone number during the enrollment process. Others may check the University website at xavier.edu and the Xavier Safety site at xavier.edu/safety for updates during an emergency on campus.

XUPD is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the main campus community. XUPD may be assisted in confirming an emergency by other XU administrators, the local first responder agencies and/or the National Weather Service. For example, there are other departments on campus that could be in a position to assist with confirming certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc.

The Office of University Communications and XUPD have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter-in-place, or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These offices/departments in conjunction with the Xavier University Campus Emergency Response Team have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. Ultimately, the Office of University Communications will be responsible for disseminating information to the larger community as needed. This information might be conveyed through a number of outlets possibly including, but not limited to, the

Xavier University website, social media, television, radio or other local or national media entities.

System to use	Primary Message Creator	Backup Message Creator	Authority for approving & sending messages	Primary Message Sender	Backup Message Sender
PRIMARY					
XU Alert Me (Text/Email/ Phone, and Classroom Elect. Message Signs)	XUPD	DRM and UC	XUPD, DRM, and UC	XUPD	DRM and UC
SECONDARY					
Outdoor Warning Systems	XUPD	DRM and UC	XUPD, DRM, and UC	XUPD	DRM and UC
University Safety Website	XUPD	DRM and UC	XUPD, DRM and UC	XUPD	DRM and UC
PASystems (where available)	XUPD	Bldg. Mgmt. and Physical Plant	XUPD, Bldg. Mgmt. and Physical Plant	XUPD	Bldg. Mgmt. and Physical Plant
Bldg. Fire Alarm	XUPD	Bldg. Occupants and Physical Plant	XUPD, Bldg. Occupants and Physical Plant	XUPD	Bldg. Occupants and Physical Plant

DRM=Division of Risk Management

UC=University Communications

XUPD=Xavier University Police Department

Xavier University will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification. The University will initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities (including, but not limited to: XUPD, CPD/NPD, and/or the CFD/NFD and Emergency Medical Services), compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. In the event of a failure in the systems (technology) listed above, the University may use face-to-face communication. The University typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert. The information is also updated on the Xavier University Safety website.

Parents, neighbors and others interested in receiving information about campus emergencies may access the Xavier University Safety website at xavier.edu/safety and the local and/or national news.

If there is an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus, Xavier University will follow its emergency notification procedures. An institution that follows its emergency notification procedures is not required to issue a timely warning based on the same circumstances; however, the institution must provide adequate follow-up information to the community as needed.

TIMELY WARNINGS

Timely Warnings will be provided to the Xavier community in the event of a reported crime or a situation that has occurred within the institution's Clery Geography (On campus, Public Property and Non-campus property) that, in the judgment of the Chief of Police or a designee, constitutes a serious or continuing threat to the University community. Although not required, there may be some crimes that occur near the

campus that may result in the issuance of a Timely Warning Notice. A warning will be issued as soon as the pertinent information is available. The warnings are generally written, approved and distributed by the Chief of Police or a designee. If the XUPD is unable to create and send the message, the following departments are authorized to create and send the Timely Warning Notice: Division of Risk Management, and University Communications. The primary method of communicating Timely Warning Notices to the entire campus community will be a blast email via the University's XU Alert Me system. The Timely Warning Notices may also be posted on the Xavier University Safety Website at xavier.edu/safety. Updates to the Xavier University community about any particular case resulting in a Timely Warning will be posted on the Xavier Safety Website xavier.edu/safety.

Timely Warnings are typically distributed for the following Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR)/National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) classifications: major incidents of arson, aggravated assault, murder/ non-negligent manslaughter, robbery and sex offenses. Cases of aggravated assault and sex offenses are considered on a case-by-case basis, depending on the facts of the case and the information known by XUPD. For example, if an assault occurs between two students who have a disagreement, there may be no on-going threat to other Xavier University community members and a Timely Warning would not be distributed. In cases involving sexual assault, institutions are often informed of the offense long after the incident occurred, thus there is no ability to distribute a "timely" notice to the community. Sex offenses will be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount of information known by XUPD.

Timely Warnings may be issued for threats to persons or to property. The XUPD Chief of Police or other University designee will determine if a case warrants the issuance of a Timely Warning. Each case is evaluated based on the facts of a crime, including, but not limited to, the nature of the crime, continuing danger to the campus community, and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts.

Timely Warnings contain information that promote safety and would aid in the prevention of similar crimes. These reports are provided to students and employees in a manner that is timely, that withholds the names of victims as confidential, and that will aid in the prevention of similar occurrences.

For the purpose of determining if an incident warrants the creation of a timely warning the primary department to contact should be XUPD at 513-745-1000 or 513-745-2000. This is because XUPD is a 24/7 operation and has the ability to contact other departments after-hours which may be involved in the timely warning decision making process such as the Office of Risk Management and University Communications. XUPD is also responsible for annual statistic disclosure related to timely warnings and all other Clery countable crimes.

The institution is not required to issue a Timely Warning with respect to crimes reported to a pastoral or professional counselor.

ABSN CAMPUSES EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

The procedures outlined above with regard to emergency notifications and timely warning also apply to the ABSN satellite campuses. In these circumstances, on-site administrators at those locations will coordinate directly with XUPD administrators to activate the various emergency notifications methods outline above.

MISSING PERSON PROCEDURES

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing; he or she should immediately notify XUPD at 513-745-1000. XUPD will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation.

After investigating the missing person report, should XUPD determine that the student is missing, and has been missing for more than 24 hours, XUPD will notify the student's missing person contact, no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, XUPD will notify the student's parent or legal guardian and their missing person contact, within 24 hours after making the determination that the student has been missing for 24 hours. As required by law, XUPD, regardless of whether the missing student has identified a contact person, is over the age of 18, or is an emancipated minor, will inform the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction in the area the student was reported missing, of any missing student in order to inform them that XUPD has conducted an initial investigation and has determined that a student is missing. This notification will be made no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option annually to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by Xavier University in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through the Office of Residence Life. This confidential contact information will be accessible only to authorized campus offices and law enforcement and it will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.

MISSING PERSON POLICIES

If members of the Xavier University community believe that a student has been missing for 24 hours, it is critical that they report that information to XUPD by calling 513-745-2000.

Xavier University will notify any missing student's confidential contact(s), if provided, within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing. In the event a student under 18 years of age and not emancipated, Xavier University will notify a custodial parent or guardian within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, in addition to notifying any additional contact person designated by the student. For all missing students, Xavier University will notify the local law enforcement agency within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, unless the local law enforcement agency was the entity that made the determination that the student is missing.

SECURITY & ACCESS TO CAMPUS BUILDINGS

Security and access control design standards have been developed for all buildings owned or operated by the University. Designs are reviewed by XUPD for compliance with security requirements. Primary entrance and exit doors in all traditional residence halls are equipped with electronic access control and video cameras and shall remain locked except in those buildings that house University offices (i.e. cafeteria, registrar, bursar, etc.). However, in these buildings the interior doors to the residential areas are equipped with electronic access for authorized students and staff to access those areas. In addition, exterior entrances are allowed to be unlocked during official move-in hours each fall. Residents of the building and their escorted guests, as well as authorized persons, access the building by utilizing the "All Card" access system.



Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. The majority of the academic and administrative

buildings are equipped with electronic access control and are locked during non-business hours. During a campus emergency, XUPD can lock these buildings electronically from the XUPD Dispatch Center. For information about the access protocols for a specific building, see Auxiliary Services, a department head, or contact XUPD at 513-745-2000.

Resident Advisors (RAs) and XUPD Officers make rounds during evening hours to verify that exterior entrances are locked and secured. Residence Life Staff also make reports of malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions that need to be addressed. Information in those reports is forwarded to the appropriate facility/ department for follow-up. XUPD Officers also conduct security patrols in the academic and administrative buildings on campus during the evening hours when the buildings are closed. These patrols are designed to allow XUPD to monitor security and safety measures in those on-campus buildings.

ABSN satellite campuses also use electronic access control during business hours and are secured when not in use for normal educational activities.

SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS USED IN THE MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS FACILITIES

Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. When facilities receive maintenance or renovations, security measures such as lighting, landscape, and entrance security are included, if it is deemed necessary by Xavier University Physical Plant Office and XUPD. Other members of the University community are helpful when they report equipment problems to XUPD or to the Xavier University Office of Physical Plant.

Xavier University has designed policies and regulations in order to create a safe and harmonious environment for the members of its community. All campus community members and visitors to the University are required to obey these regulations. These policies not only reflect the University's high standards of conduct but also follow local, state and federal laws. Observed and enforced, they create a significant degree of safety for the University community.

WEAPONS

The possession, use, or storage of any firearm, ammunition, explosive device (including fireworks), or other deadly weapons in any form is prohibited on any Xavier University property or in a facility or on any property owned, leased, or operated by the University is also prohibited except as required by Ohio law. Authorized law enforcement personnel while on duty and as otherwise specifically authorized by law may carry their service weapons, and individuals with a validly issued concealed carry permit may keep a firearm in a locked container in their vehicle while they are on campus property. Non-law enforcement individuals must ensure that each firearm and all of the ammunition is securely locked in the trunk, glovebox, or other enclosed compartment or container within or on their vehicle. See xavier.edu/police/courtesy-services/weapons.

“Weapons” include, but are not limited to, martial arts weapons, knives (other than those necessary for cooking or approved University activities), bows and arrows, air guns, shotguns, BB guns, paintball guns, rifles, pistols and any other type of deadly weapon, or weapons that can cause bodily harm. In accordance with section 2923.126 (C-3) of the Ohio Revised Code, Xavier University has the authority to post a sign in a conspicuous location “prohibiting persons from carrying firearms or concealed firearms” onto campus. “A person who knowingly violates a posted

prohibition of that nature is guilty of criminal trespass in violation of division (A) (4) of section 2911.21 of the Revised Code and is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.”

All unauthorized weapons shall be seized by XUPD and held for safekeeping pursuant to established departmental procedures or turned over to the local police/fire department for disposal. Weapons seized from individuals who are duly licensed to carry concealed weapons pursuant to section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Ohio Revised Code may, at the discretion of XUPD, be returned to said individual upon request and proof that their permit to carry license/permit is valid. Returns shall be made at XUPD under strict safety guidelines.

Any student determined to have violated this policy is subject to disciplinary action via the student conduct process. If the guest(s) of a Xavier student is found in violation of the Weapon's Policy, he/she may be subject to criminal charges, and other requirements (e.g. banned from campus) may be imposed. Additionally, the student who hosted the non-Xavier guest(s) may be held responsible for the actions of that guest(s) through the University's student conduct process.

ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

Xavier University recognizes that the misuse and abuse of alcohol is a persistent social and health problem of major proportion in our society and that it interferes with the goals and objectives of any educational institution. Accordingly, Xavier University does not encourage the use of alcoholic beverages and strongly discourages illegal or otherwise irresponsible use of alcohol. Members of the University community are responsible for their decisions regarding their use of alcohol as well as their behavior, which occurs as a result of these decisions. In this context, Xavier University created a comprehensive policy on Alcoholic Beverages and Other Controlled Substances. This policy can be found in the University Policies for Student Life and on the web at xavier.edu/dean-of-students.

ALCOHOL POLICY

Xavier University fully enforces the underage drinking laws of the State of Ohio. Responsibility for that enforcement belongs to XUPD and/or the Office of the Dean of Students. State laws prohibiting the possession, use, sale, distribution, and consumption of all alcoholic beverages by persons less than 21 years of age apply to Xavier University students, faculty, staff, and visitors while on Xavier University Campus. To maintain conditions conducive to a learning environment, and to ensure that all community members are in a safe, productive environment, the University further restricts the use of alcohol within specified criteria. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy on Alcoholic Beverages at xavier.edu/dean-of-students.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL PREVENTION PROGRAM

Xavier University is concerned about anyone who struggles with substance abuse. Campus resources and personnel from Xavier's Health and Counseling Services, located in the Health United Building (HUB - formerly McGrath Health and Wellness Center) and Psychological Services Center provide substance abuse counseling and referral assistance for students facing problems associated with drug and alcohol abuse. The HUB supervises and runs programs that include individual and group-oriented workshops, and educational programs and training. The University also has available a number of student organizations that address substance abuse prevention. Xavier University has an Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) prevention program based on the 3-tier environmental management model. Students who violate the University's Alcohol and Other Drug Policy are required, when found responsible through the student conduct process, to participate in alcohol/drug education programs.

Information and education are provided in group and individual sessions. Students who are having

difficulty with decision-making with regard to their alcohol/drug use or may have been identified to be at-risk are referred to Xavier's Health & Counseling Services, or Xavier Psychological Services for assessment, treatment, or referral. Xavier Counseling Services and Xavier Health Services can be reached by calling 513-745-3022 or visiting their website: xavier.edu/health-wellness/. Xavier Psychological Services can be reached by calling 513-745-3531 or visiting their website at xavier.edu/psychologicalservices/.

In compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, Xavier University has the following policy pertaining to drug and alcohol abuse education programs <https://www.xavier.edu/dean-of-students/alcohol-and-other-drug-information/index>.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

The University strictly prohibits the illegal use, possession or sale of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals and mission of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action that may include suspension and/or dismissal from the University for the first offense. Violations of Federal and state drug laws should be reported to XUPD. XUPD may in turn notify the Office of Residence Life or the Office of the Dean of Students. These entities will take appropriate legal actions to enforce those laws since they are responsible for the enforcement of Federal and State drug laws. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at <https://www.xavier.edu/dean-of-students/drug-free-schools-and-communities-act/index>.

SMOKE, TOBACCO, AND NICOTINE-FREE CAMPUS POLICY

Effective July 1, 2019 the use, sale or distribution of any tobacco product and/or nicotine delivery system in any form, excluding FDA approved cessation medication, is prohibited in all Xavier University facilities and on all Xavier University owned or leased property, except for property owned and leased to another, such as University Station. This includes personal vehicles parked on Xavier owned or leased property, except for property owned and leased to another. The entire policy regarding Xavier's nicotine-free campus can be found here: <https://www.xavier.edu/health-wellness/smoke-tobacco-nicotine-free-campus-policy>.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the Safety website at xavier.edu/safety. Information is also available on the XUPD website at xavier.edu/police. In an emergency, it is important to remember three things: do not take unnecessary risks; remain calm and use common sense. University departments, in conjunction with XUPD, are responsible for developing emergency action plans and continuity of operations plans for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts emergency response exercises each year, such as table top exercises, field exercises, and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. These tests may be announced or unannounced.

A test is defined as regularly scheduled drills, exercises, and appropriate follow-through activities, designed for assessment and evaluation of emergency plans and capabilities.

When a serious incident occurs that causes an immediate threat, the first responders to the scene will be XUPD, Cincinnati/Norwood Police/Fire/EMS, as well as other jurisdictions, as applicable. These agencies work together under a NIMS Unified Command structure to manage the incident. General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for Xavier University is publicized each year as

part of the institution's Clery Act compliance efforts. Xavier University will notify the University community of its emergency notification, emergency response, and evacuation procedures via email, in conjunction with at least one test each calendar year. Information related to emergency notifications and emergency guidelines can be found at the Xavier University Safety website xavier.edu/safety.

Each test is documented and includes a description of the exercise, the date and time of the exercise, and whether it was announced or unannounced.

EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Xavier University participates in emergency tests or evacuation drills at least once per year to assess and evaluate emergency procedures and capabilities. The evacuation drills, tabletop exercises, and emergency preparedness training are done in partnership with XUPD, the Campus Emergency Response Team (CERT), and the local fire and police departments, when possible. XUPD will document each test with a description, the date, time and whether it was announced or unannounced.

FIRE SAFETY

Xavier University is required to conduct fire drills in all of its buildings by the Ohio Fire Code and the Cincinnati Fire Prevention Code. Full-building evacuation drills, fire prevention guidelines and emergency action plans for each building are part of our fire preparedness efforts.

It is important to periodically conduct these drills to test the evacuation plan and confirm:

- Occupants know what the alarm sounds like and what to do when it sounds
- Where to meet once safely outside the building
- All of the fire safety equipment functioned properly
- The evacuation plan worked as designed
- All occupants reacted appropriately and evacuated the building immediately in an orderly fashion
- If any revisions or modifications to the plan are required
- Building occupants had the opportunity to ask questions about the plan and procedures and make suggestions for plan improvement

Full-building fire evacuation drills are conducted at least once each school year for administrative and academic buildings. Every effort is made to minimize disruption to the normal operation of the building while at the same time trying to conduct a realistic exercise. Fire drills are conducted at the beginning of each school year for all residence halls after the students have first received fire safety training.

By law, occupants are required to immediately evacuate the building when a fire alarm sounds whether they believe it to be a false alarm or a real alarm. According to the Ohio Fire Code and the Cincinnati Fire Prevention Code, failure to evacuate any structure upon the sound of an alarm or interfering with an evacuation in any manner is a misdemeanor and penalties may be a fine of not more than \$1,000, or imprisonment for not more than six months or both. In addition, the penalty for students who fail to evacuate their residence hall is \$100, per the Student Handbook, and cannot be appealed.

Each faculty and staff member is instructed as follows: If you are not sure of what to do when a fire alarm sounds, contact your building coordinator or go to the Xavier University Safety website xavier.edu/safety. This information is particularly important for faculty, both full and part-time, because students are looking to you to know what to do in the event of an emergency. You should review the plan for every building in

which you teach a class as well as your office building as a part of your preparation for the semester. A copy of the emergency evacuation procedures is posted in every building.

Each University building has an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies.

Fire safety and emergency evacuation protocols for the ABSN satellite campuses are the responsibility of the management companies who oversee day-to-day operations in the structures in which Xavier University controls space.

SHELTER-IN-PLACE PROCEDURES: WHAT IT MEANS TO SHELTER-IN-PLACE

As parts of an Emergency Action Plan, if an incident occurs and the buildings or areas become unstable, or if the air outdoors becomes dangerous due to toxic or irritating substances, it is usually safer to stay indoors, because leaving the area may expose students and staff to that danger. Thus, to shelter-in-place means to make a shelter of the building where you are located and with a few adjustments, this location can be made even safer and more comfortable until it is safe to go outside.

HOW YOU WILL KNOW TO SHELTER-IN-PLACE

A shelter-in-place notification may come from several sources, including XUPD, other University employees, or other authorities. XU Alert Me is the primary means of disseminating the notification; however, other means of communication, such as mass notification systems may also be employed.

HOW TO SHELTER-IN-PLACE

Regardless of location, the basic steps of shelter-in-place will generally remain the same.

Should the need ever arise; follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

- If inside, stay where you are. Collect any emergency shelter-in-place supplies and telephone to be used in case of emergency. If outdoors, proceed into the closest building quickly or follow instructions from emergency personnel on the scene.
- Locate a room to shelter inside. It should be:
- An interior room;
- Without windows or with the least number of windows. If there is a large group of people inside a particular building, several rooms may be necessary
- Shut and lock all windows and close exterior doors.
- Turn off air conditioners, heaters, and fans.
- Close vents to ventilation systems as able. (University staff will turn off the ventilation as quickly as possible.)
- Make a list of the people with you then have someone such as faculty or other staff call the list into XUPD and provide your shelter location.
- Turn on a radio or TV to listen for further instructions.
- Make yourself comfortable.

REPORTING A CRIME, FIRE OR GETTING EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

Employees and students are advised that they are responsible for being aware of and complying with University policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged and obligated to accurately, voluntarily, and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to XUPD, including when the victim elects to or is unable to make such a report.



Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to XUPD at 513-745-1000. For non-emergencies, please call XUPD at 513-745-2000. Criminal or suspicious acts, including fires and other emergencies, should be reported to the police immediately in person, by telephone, or by using one of the assistance phones strategically located around campus.

Crimes and other emergencies which occur at the ABSN satellite campuses should be reported to the appropriate police agencies as outlined below:

ABSN Location	Police Department	Non-Emergency Phone #	Address
Cincinnati	Cincinnati Police Department District 4	(513) 569-8600	4150 Reading Road Avondale, OH 45229
Cleveland	Independence Police Department	(513) 524-1234	6800 Brecksville Road Independence, OH 44131
Columbus	Columbus Police Department	(614) 645-4545	8118 Sancus Boulevard Columbus, OH 43081

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the University system or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. XUPD reports are public records under state law, therefore, they cannot hold reports of crime in confidence, so Xavier does not allow voluntary confidential reporting to the XUPD.

Confidential resources on Xavier's campus include counselors, physicians, and nurses at Xavier's Health & Counseling Services and clergy when the person is acting within her or his professional capacity. In addition, victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking can receive 24-hour confidential advocacy and support from Xavier's Campus Advocacy Coordinator and/or local service provider Women Helping Women. Both Xavier's Campus Advocacy Coordinator and Women Helping Women provide aggregate data to Xavier on the number of reports received, nature of the matter, and services received. Neither provide personally identifying information.

When reporting a power or gender-based crime (e.g. sexual assault, rape, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking) to an XUPD Officer and/or Xavier's Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, a victim of a crime may state their preference that no further investigation action proceed. All reasonable steps will be taken to honor that request while allowing Xavier personnel to meet their responsibility to provide a safe, nondiscriminatory environment for all students, staff, and faculty. Details on when and how XUPD and/or the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator evaluate requests for limited or no further investigation action occur can be found under the Confidentiality section of this report. If a victim requests to make a confidential report, XUPD and the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator will count and disclose that report in the annual crime statistics for the

University without revealing the victim's identity.

This allows the University to:

1. Keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees, and visitors;
2. Determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant;
3. Alert the campus community to potential danger.

PASTORAL AND PROFESSIONAL COUNSELORS

Xavier University "Pastoral Counselors" and "Professional Counselors," when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority for Clery Act purposes and are not required to report crimes for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics or for the issuance of a timely warning. As a matter of policy, the professional counselors at Xavier University are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled, of the procedures to report crimes to XUPD.

PASTORAL COUNSELOR

An employee of an institution, who is associated with a religious order or denomination, recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and who is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

PROFESSIONAL COUNSELOR

An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution's community, and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

XUPD encourages, but does not require pastoral and professional counselors; if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform the persons they are counseling to voluntarily report the incident to XUPD for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Please note that reports of sexual violence and other violations that may be sex or gender based will be reported to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator and cannot be held in confidence.

XUPD is located in Flynn Hall across from the Commons Apartments. The dispatch office is staffed 24 hours a day and the department's dispatchers are always available to answer questions or to have an officer respond to assist.

Below are a few tips for contacting XUPD:

- XUPD encourages victims of crime to come forward and report it to the police.
- However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime, the victim may decide not to press charges.
- This is the victim's option.
- Just because a report is filed with the police department does not mean that criminal charges have to be filed.
- Students also have the option of contacting other University resources, such as the Xavier University Center for Diversity and Inclusion, Xavier's Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, the Office of the Dean of Students or confidential campus resources, such as Xavier's Health & Counseling Services, and Xavier's Campus Advocacy Coordinator.

- For further information on confidential resources, see <https://www.xavier.edu/titleix/confidential-advocacy-and-support>.

Besides XUPD, crimes can also be reported to The Office of Residence Life, the Office of the Dean of Students and the Title IX Office, for the purpose of making Timely Warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure. Contact information for these offices follows:

Department	Contact Information	
XUPD	513-745-1000 (emergency)	513-745-2000 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	513-745-3166	Jean Griffin (Dean of Students)
Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office	513-745-3046	Kate Lawson (Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator)
Residence Life	513-745-2303	Lori Lambert (Director of Student Housing)

Xavier University maintains a confidential anonymous hotline that enables the community to report crimes/ incidents 24 hours a day anonymously by calling 1-855-481-6238 or by following this link <https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/media/en/gui/34090/index.html> to the “Make Report” area of the website.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: THE HOTLINE IS AN ANONYMOUS TIP LINE AND IS NOT FOR EMERGENCIES. AT THE MAIN CAMPUS CALL 513-745-1000 OR 911 IF YOU HAVE AN EMERGENCY. ALL ABSN LOCATIONS SHOULD CALL 911 IN AN EMERGENCY.

RESPONSE TO REPORTED INCIDENTS

Reports may be made to the Office of the Dean of Students for review and potential action by calling 513-745- 3166 or by accessing the online reporting form at xavier.edu/studentconcern. In addition, a call to XUPD at 513-745-1000 will connect the caller to one of the dispatchers who are available 24 hours day.

In response to a call, XUPD will take the required action, either dispatching an officer or asking the victim to report to XUPD to file an incident report. All reported crimes will be investigated by the University and may become a matter of public record to the extent they are noted in the Crime Log or otherwise subject to disclosure under Ohio law. XUPD incident reports are forwarded to the Dean of Students for review and possible referral for disciplinary action through the student conduct process, as appropriate.

In reports involving power or gender-based violence, including sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, XUPD reports are forwarded to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator for investigation and possible referral for action through the student conduct process or employee conduct process. XUPD Officers, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, the Dean of Students, the Affirmative Action Office or others as denominated in the Student Handbook and the University’s Harassment Code and Accountability Procedures (HCAP), will investigate a report when it is deemed appropriate. Additional information obtained via the investigation will also be forwarded to the appropriate person/ office such as XUPD, Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, Dean of Students or others as denominated in the Student Handbook and the HCAP.

If assistance is required from the Cincinnati or Norwood police departments or the Cincinnati or Norwood fire departments, XUPD will contact the appropriate unit where warranted, although any member of the Xavier community should always feel, and are encouraged, to also report incidents that could constitute crimes to local law enforcement. If sexual assault, rape, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking should occur, staff on the scene, including XUPD, will offer the victim a wide variety of services which are described in this report under section “Services, Security Awareness, and Crime Prevention Information” and those that follow.

SERVICES, SECURITY AWARENESS AND CRIME PREVENTION INFORMATION

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION SERVICES

Resources for alcohol/drug abuse treatment and prevention are provided by Xavier’s Health & Counseling Services located in the Health United Building (HUB). The HUB is located at 1723 Cleneay Avenue and may be contacted at 513-745-3022. Xavier’s Psychological Services Center is located in the Sycamore House at 3818 Winding Way and may be contacted at 513-745-3531.

Xavier University prohibits the illegal use, possession, sale, and manufacturing or distribution of drugs and alcohol by all students and employees on University premises or as part of any University activity. Any misuse of substances by University students and employees that presents a physical or psychological hazard to individuals also is prohibited.

SAFETY AND SECURITY PROGRAMS

All XUPD Officers can provide security awareness educational programming, security surveys, and other crime prevention functions to the University Community.

Safety programs begin with orientation sessions for incoming freshmen and their parents. Once school begins, XUPD publishes the Safety Training Calendar highlighting the courses offered that semester, and actively recruits participants for its interactive programs. These programs include personal safety and security, drug and alcohol awareness, women’s awareness, sexual assault prevention, and other requested topics. All programs are available to faculty, staff, and students upon request or if a need becomes apparent.



During the 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 academic years, XUPD offered approximately 100 programs covering security awareness. A common theme covered during these sessions is to encourage individuals to be responsible for their own security as well as the security of others.

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT PROVISIONS

Xavier University does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its educational programs. Sexual harassment and sexual violence are types of sex discrimination. Other acts can also be forms of sex discrimination and are also prohibited whether sexually based or not, including dating violence, domestic violence, and

stalking. As a result, the University issues this statement of policy to inform the community of our comprehensive plan addressing power and gender-based violence and sex discrimination, including the University's prevention education and awareness programs, and its procedures addressing sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, whether the incident occurs on or off campus and when it is reported to a University official. In this context, Xavier University prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking, and reaffirms its commitment to maintain a campus environment emphasizing the dignity and worth of all members of the University community. For a complete copy of the Harassment Code and Accountability Procedures (HCAP) (applies when an employee is the responding party of Sex Discrimination), visit xavier.edu/policy/hcap.

To access the Student Code of Conduct (applies when a student is the responding party of Sex Discrimination), visit xavier.edu/handbook.

For questions about Sex Discrimination, to include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and sexual harassment, how Xavier University responds to complaints, how to make a complaint, or to find out more about the University's policies and procedures, visit Xavier University's Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response website at xavier.edu/titleix or contact the University's Title IX & Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator using the below information:

- Title IX & Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator: Kate Lawson-Gallagher Student Center 332B,
- 513-745-3046, lawsonk1@xavier.edu
- Title IX & Interpersonal Violence Response Program Director: Talia Mason-132 Gallagher Student Center 332
- 513-745-2841, mason5@xavier.edu
- Deputy Coordinator for Athletics: Susan Lipnickey-Cintas Center 4th Floor
- 513-745-2855, lipnickeys@xavier.edu
- Xavier University defines the forms of sex discrimination it prohibits in the Student Handbook and HCAP. Many of these forms of misconduct are also violations of Ohio criminal and/or civil law. Below is a summary of Xavier's definitions and policies, and Ohio legal definitions where applicable.

CONSENT

XAVIER DEFINITION/POLICY

Consent means words or actions that demonstrate an affirmative, knowing and voluntary agreement to engage in a mutually agreed-upon sexual act.

- Consent must be informed and freely given.
- Consent is invalidated when it is forced, coerced, or when a person is physically and/or mentally incapable of giving consent. For example, a person who is substantially impaired by drugs or alcohol may not be able to consent. Some signs of substantial impairment may include, but are not limited to, loss of balance/inability to walk without stumbling, slurred speech, inability to focus their vision, vomiting, erratic or extreme behavior, knowledge of person's significant use of drugs or alcohol, or passing out.
- Consent is an active, on-going process. It can be withdrawn at any time, and consent for one sexual act does not imply consent for another subsequent sexual act.
- Consent, a lack of consent or a withdrawal of consent can be expressed by words or actions or both.

For example, verbal silence or the absence of physical resistance does not automatically mean someone has consented to a sexual act; nor is physical resistance required for a person to verbally communicate a lack of consent or to withdraw consent.

The purpose of the Consent policy is the same as the purpose of all of other Xavier University policy language/ definitions (e.g. Non-Consensual Sexual Contact, Stalking) to ensure that the campus community knows how Xavier University defines Consent and that this is the policy language that will be used in a complaint resolution process should a report of Sex Discrimination that includes issues of Consent be reported to the University. More specifically, the purpose of this Consent definition to define what Xavier University means by Consent when it defines the following policy violations in the Student Handbook.

COERCION

XAVIER DEFINITION/POLICY

"Coercion" or "Coerced" means:

- Compelling another person to do something through:
- Emotional or physical pressure,
- Threats or other forms of intimidation.

Real or perceived power differentials between individuals also may create an atmosphere of Coercion that can significantly impair a person's ability to Consent.

Ohio revised code 2907.01

No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another when the offender purposely compels the other person to submit by force or threat of force. No person may substantially impair another person's judgment or control by administering any drug, intoxicant, or controlled substance to the other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception for the purposes of preventing resistance to sexual conduct. No person may engage in sexual conduct with another person whose ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the other person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age.

Xavier University prohibits conduct that constitutes Sexual Harassment under Title IX as well as conduct prohibited by Xavier's Interpersonal Violence policies. Below are Xavier University's internal Title IX and Interpersonal Violence policies, as well relevant crimes defined by Ohio criminal law.

XAVIER DEFINITION/POLICY

PROHIBITED TITLE IX SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Title IX defines Sexual Harassment as conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

1. An employee of Xavier University conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of Xavier on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct
2. Unwelcome conduct that would be determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to a Xavier education program or activity; or
3. Sexual assault as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v); "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10); "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8); and "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

(A) **Sexual Assault** is defined as:

1. **Sex Offenses, Forcible:** Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the complainant, including instances in which the complainant is incapable of giving consent because of incapacitation.
2. **Forcible Rape:** Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the complainant.
3. **Forcible Sodomy:** Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the complainant is incapable of giving consent because of incapacitation.
4. **Sexual Assault with an Object:** The use of an object or instrument to penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the complainant is incapable of giving consent because of incapacitation.
5. **Forcible Fondling:** The touching of the private body parts of another person (buttocks, groin, breasts), for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly, and/or against that person's will (non-consensually), or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances in which the complainant is incapable of giving consent because of incapacitation.
6. **Sex Offenses, Non-forcible:**

(a) **Incest:** Non-forcible sexual intercourse, between persons who are related to each other, within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by Ohio law.

(b) **Statutory Rape:** Non-forcible sexual intercourse, with a person who is under the statutory age of consent of 16.

(B) **Dating Violence** is defined as:

1. Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

(a) The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the Reporting Party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

2. Including, but not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
3. Does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

(C) **Domestic Violence** is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed:

1. by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim
2. by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common
3. by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner
4. by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred
5. by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

(D) **Stalking** is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to

- 1) fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- 2) suffer substantial emotional distress.

In accord with Federal law and regulations, conduct can only be considered Sexual Harassment under Title IX if:

- The conduct occurred in a Xavier University educational program or activity and
- Against a person in the United States

Under Title IX, a covered education program or activity includes locations, events, or circumstances over which Xavier exercised substantial control over both the Responding Party and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs.

In addition to Sex Discrimination addressed under Title IX, the University also addresses the following types of sex discrimination that are not addressed by Title IX, but under the University Interpersonal Violence policies.

PROHIBITED INTERPERSONAL VIOLENCE

RAPE

Xavier Definition/Policy

Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse

- Any sexual intercourse, however slight,
- With any body part or object
- By a person upon another person,
- That is without consent and/or when Coercion is used

Intercourse includes:

- Vaginal or anal, or oral penetration by body part or object
- No matter how slight the penetration or contact.

Ohio revised code 2907.02 rape

- (A) (1) No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another who is not the spouse of the offender or who is the spouse of the offender but is living separate and apart from the offender, when any of the following applies:
- (a) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender substantially impairs the other person's judgment or control by administering any drug, intoxicant, or controlled substance to the other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception.
 - (b) The other person is less than thirteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows the age of the other person.
 - (c) The other person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the other person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age.
- (2) No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another when the offender purposely compels the other person to submit by force or threat of force.

SEXUAL ASSAULT

Xavier Definitions/Policies

Non-Consensual Sexual Contact

- Any intentional touching, however slight,
- By a person upon another person
- That is without Consent and/or when Coercion is used.

Sexual Contact includes:

- Intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, genitals, or
- Touching another person with any of these body parts or
- Making another touch you or themselves with any of these body parts or
- Any other intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner.

Sexual Exploitation: Occurs when one person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his/her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of other sex discrimination offenses.

Examples of sexual exploitation include, but are not limited to:

- Invasion of sexual privacy;
- Prostituting another person;
- Non-consensual digital, video or audio recording of nudity or sexual activity;
- Unauthorized sharing or distribution of digital, video or audio recording of nudity or sexual activity;
- Engaging in voyeurism (trespassing, secretly invading the privacy of another, spying or eavesdropping upon another, usually with the purpose of sexually arousing or gratifying oneself (e.g., watching a person or persons in an intimate setting without that person's permission). Voyeurism may involve telescopes, still and video cameras, audio recording, or other technologies)
- Going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as letting your friend hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
- Knowingly exposing someone to or transmitting an STI, STD or HIV to another person;

- Intentionally or recklessly exposing one's genitals in non-consensual circumstances; inducing another to expose their genitals;
- Sexually-based stalking and/or bullying may also be forms of sexual exploitation

Ohio revised code 2907.03 – 2907.06 sexual battery

(A) No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another, not the spouse of the offender, when any of the following apply:

- (1) The offender knowingly coerces the other person to submit by any means that would prevent resistance by a person of ordinary resolution.
- (2) The offender knows that the other person's ability to appraise the nature of or control the other person's own conduct is substantially impaired.
- (3) The offender knows that the other person submits because the other person is unaware that the act is being committed.
- (4) The offender knows that the other person submits because the other person mistakenly identifies the offender as the other person's spouse.
- (5) The offender is the other person's natural or adoptive parent, or a stepparent, or guardian, custodian, or person in loco parentis of the other person.
- (6) The other person is in custody of law or a patient in a hospital or other institution, and the offender has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the other person.
- (7) The offender is a teacher, administrator, coach, or other person in authority employed by or serving in a school for which the state board of education prescribes minimum standards pursuant to division (D) of section 3301.07 of the Revised Code, the other person is enrolled in or attends that school, and the offender is not enrolled in and does not attend that school.
- (8) The other person is a minor, the offender is a teacher, administrator, coach, or other person in authority employed by or serving in an institution of higher education, and the other person is enrolled in or attends that institution.
- (9) The other person is a minor, and the offender is the other person's athletic or other type of coach, is the other person's instructor, is the leader of a scouting troop of which the other person is a member, or is a person with temporary or occasional disciplinary control over the other person.
- (10) The offender is a mental health professional, the other person is a mental health client or patient of the offender, and the offender induces the other person to submit by falsely representing to the other person that the sexual conduct is necessary for mental health treatment purposes.
- (11) The other person is confined in a detention facility, and the offender is an employee of that detention facility.
- (12) The other person is a minor, the offender is a cleric, and the other person is a member of, or attends, the church or congregation served by the cleric.
- (13) The other person is a minor, the offender is a peace officer, and the offender is more than two years older than the other person.

Unlawful sexual conduct with minor

No person who is eighteen years of age or older shall engage in sexual conduct with another, who is not the spouse of the offender, when the offender knows the other person is thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen years of age, or the

offender is reckless in that regard.

Gross sexual imposition

- (A) No person shall have sexual contact with another, not the spouse of the offender; cause another, not the spouse of the offender, to have sexual contact with the offender; or cause two or more other persons to have sexual contact when any of the following applies:
- (1) The offender purposely compels the other person, or one of the other persons, to submit by force or threat of force.
 - (2) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender substantially impairs the judgment or control of the other person or of one of the other persons by administering any drug, intoxicant, or controlled substance to the other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception.
 - (3) The offender knows that the judgment or control of the other person or of one of the other persons is substantially impaired as a result of the influence of any drug or intoxicant administered to the other person with the other person's consent for the purpose of any kind of medical or dental examination, treatment, or surgery.
 - (4) The other person, or one of the other persons, is less than thirteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows the age of that person.
 - (5) The ability of the other person to resist or consent or the ability of one of the other persons to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the ability to resist or consent of the other person or of one of the other persons is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age.
- (B) No person shall knowingly touch the genitalia of another, when the touching is not through clothing, the other person is less than twelve years of age, whether or not the offender knows the age of that person, and the touching is done with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, or arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.

Sexual imposition

- (A) No person shall have sexual contact with another, not the spouse of the offender; cause another, not the spouse of the offender, to have sexual contact with the offender; or cause two or more other persons to have sexual contact when any of the following applies:
- (1) The offender knows that the sexual contact is offensive to the other person, or one of the other persons, or is reckless in that regard.
 - (2) The offender knows that the other person's, or one of the other person's, ability to appraise the nature of or control the offender's or touching person's conduct is substantially impaired.
 - (3) The offender knows that the other person, or one of the other persons, submits because of being unaware of the sexual contact.
 - (4) The other person, or one of the other persons, is thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows the age of such person, and the offender is at least eighteen years of age and four or more years older than such other person.
 - (5) The offender is a mental health professional, the other person or one of the other persons is a mental health client or patient of the offender, and the offender induces the other person who is the client or patient to submit by falsely representing to the other person who is the client or patient that the sexual contact is necessary for mental health treatment purposes.

STALKING

Xavier Definition/Policy

Stalking: a pattern of conduct by a person with a sexual, romantic or gender-based motivation that causes or is intended to cause another person to believe that the offender will cause physical harm or mental distress to the other.

Ohio revised code 2903.211 menacing by stalking

- (A) (1) No person by engaging in a pattern of conduct shall knowingly cause another person to believe that the offender will cause physical harm to the other person or cause mental distress to the other person.
- (2) No person, through the use of any electronic method of remotely transferring information, including, but not limited to, any computer, computer network, computer program, or computer system, shall post a message with purpose to urge or incite another to commit a violation of division (A)(1) of this section.
- (3) No person, with a sexual motivation, shall violate division (A)(1) or (2) of this section.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Xavier Definition/Policy

Domestic Violence: A pattern of abusive behavior in an intimate or family relationship where

- The behavior is used to exert power and control over another party in the relationship.
- OR
- One instance of severe abusive behavior in an intimate or family relationship where
- The behavior is used to exert power and control over another party in the relationship.

Domestic violence can include but is not limited to physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person.

Abusive behavior can be spoken, written, or physical. This includes any behaviors that intimidate, manipulate, humiliate, isolate, frighten, terrorize, coerce, threaten, blame, hurt, injure, or wound someone.

Individuals of all sexes and gender identities can perpetrate domestic violence and can be victims of domestic violence. Domestic violence can be perpetrated by and against individuals who identify as heterosexual, lesbian, gay, bisexual, and/or transgender, and crosses all social, ethnic, racial, age, and economic lines.

Ohio revised code 2919.25 domestic violence (criminal)

- (A) No person shall knowingly cause or attempt to cause physical harm to a family or household member.
- (B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm to a family or household member.
- (C) No person, by threat of force, shall knowingly cause a family or household member to believe that the offender will cause imminent physical harm to the family or household member.

2903.11 felonious assault

- (A) No person shall knowingly do either of the following:
- (1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's unborn;
 - (2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or to another's unborn by means of a

deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance.

(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, shall knowingly do any of the following:

- (1) Engage in sexual conduct with another person without disclosing that knowledge to the other person prior to engaging in the sexual conduct;
- (2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the mental capacity to appreciate the significance of the knowledge that the offender has tested positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;
- (3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen years of age who is not the spouse of the offender.

Ohio revised code 3113.31 domestic violence definitions – hearings (civil)

(A) As used in this section:

- (1) “Domestic violence” means the occurrence of one or more of the following acts against a family or household member:
 - (a) Attempting to cause or recklessly causing bodily injury;
 - (b) Placing another person by the threat of force in fear of imminent serious physical harm or committing a violation of section 2903.211 or 2911.211 of the Revised Code;
 - (c) Committing any act with respect to a child that would result in the child being an abused child, as defined in section 2151.031 of the Revised Code;
 - (d) Committing a sexually oriented offense.

DATING VIOLENCE

Xavier Definition/Policy

Dating violence: A pattern of abusive behavior committed by a person who is or has been in a relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim where:

- The behavior is used to exert power and control over another party in the relationship.
- OR
- One instance of severe abusive behavior committed by a person who is or has been in a relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim where the behavior is used to exert power and control over another party in the relationship.

Dating violence can include but is not limited to physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person.

Abusive behavior can be spoken, written, or physical. This includes any behaviors that intimidate, manipulate, humiliate, isolate, frighten, terrorize, coerce, threaten, blame, hurt, injure, or wound someone.

Individuals of all sexes and gender identities can perpetrate domestic violence and can be victims of domestic violence. Domestic violence can be perpetrated by and against individuals who identify as heterosexual, lesbian, gay, bisexual, and/or transgender, and crosses all social, ethnic, racial, age, and economic lines.

Ohio revised code

Dating violence is not specifically defined in Ohio state criminal statutes.

OHIO REVISED CODE

2907.01 sex offenses general definitions (as used in sections 2907.01 to 2907.38)

- (A) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex; and, without privilege to do so, the insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal opening of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal or anal intercourse.
- (B) "Sexual contact" means any touching of an erogenous zone of another, including without limitation the thigh, genitals, buttock, pubic region, or, if the person is a female, a breast, for the purpose of sexually arousing or gratifying either person.
- (C) "Sexual activity" means sexual conduct or sexual contact, or both.
- (D) "Prostitute" means a male or female who promiscuously engages in sexual activity for hire, regardless of whether the hire is paid to the prostitute or to another.
- (E) "Harmful to juveniles" means that quality of any material or performance describing or representing nudity, sexual conduct, sexual excitement, or sado-masochistic abuse in any form to which all of the following apply:
 - (1) The material or performance, when considered as a whole, appeals to the prurient interest of juveniles in sex.
 - (2) The material or performance is patently offensive to prevailing standards in the adult community as a whole with respect to what is suitable for juveniles.
 - (3) The material or performance, when considered as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, and scientific value for juveniles.
- (F) When considered as a whole, and judged with reference to ordinary adults or, if it is designed for sexual deviates or other specially susceptible group, judged with reference to that group, any material or performance is "obscene" if any of the following apply:
 - (1) Its dominant appeal is to prurient interest;
 - (2) Its dominant tendency is to arouse lust by displaying or depicting sexual activity, masturbation, sexual excitement, or nudity in a way that tends to represent human beings as mere objects of sexual appetite;
 - (3) Its dominant tendency is to arouse lust by displaying or depicting bestiality or extreme or bizarre violence, cruelty, or brutality;
 - (4) Its dominant tendency is to appeal to scatological interest by displaying or depicting human bodily functions of elimination in a way that inspires disgust or revulsion in persons with ordinary sensibilities, without serving any genuine scientific, educational, sociological, moral, or artistic purpose;
 - (5) It contains a series of displays or descriptions of sexual activity, masturbation, sexual excitement, nudity, bestiality, extreme or bizarre violence, cruelty, or brutality, or human bodily functions of elimination, the cumulative effect of which is a dominant tendency to appeal to prurient or scatological interest, when the appeal to such an interest is primarily for its own sake or for commercial exploitation, rather than primarily for a genuine scientific, educational, sociological, moral, or artistic purpose.
- (G) "Sexual excitement" means the condition of human male or female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal.
- (H) "Nudity" means the showing, representation, or depiction of human male or female genitals, pubic area, or buttocks with less than a full, opaque covering, or of a female breast with less than a full,

opaque covering of any portion thereof below the top of the nipple, or of covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state.

- (I) “Juvenile” means an unmarried person under the age of eighteen.
- (J) “Material” means any book, magazine, newspaper, pamphlet, poster, print, picture, figure, image, description, motion picture film, phonographic record, or tape, or other tangible thing capable of arousing interest through sight, sound, or touch and includes an image or text appearing on a computer monitor, television screen, liquid crystal display, or similar display device or an image or text recorded on a computer hard disk, computer floppy disk, compact disk, magnetic tape, or similar data storage device.
- (K) “Performance” means any motion picture, preview, trailer, play, show, skit, dance, or other exhibition performed before an audience.
- (L) “Spouse” means a person married to an offender at the time of an alleged offense, except that such person shall not be considered the spouse when any of the following apply:
 - (1) When the parties have entered into a written separation agreement authorized by section 3103.06 of the Revised Code;
 - (2) During the pendency of an action between the parties for annulment, divorce, dissolution of marriage, or legal separation;
 - (3) In the case of an action for legal separation, after the effective date of the judgment for legal separation.
- (M) “Minor” means a person under the age of eighteen.
- (N) “Mental health client or patient” has the same meaning as in section 2305.51 of the Revised Code.
- (O) “Mental health professional” has the same meaning as in section 2305.115 of the Revised Code.
- (P) “Sado-masochistic abuse” means flagellation or torture by or upon a person or the condition of being fettered, bound, or otherwise physically restrained.

The following definitions are taken from the Violence Against Women Act and the US Code. They are not the same definitions used in the Ohio Revised Code for these crimes or in Xavier’s Student Handbook and HCAP defining this type of misconduct. These definitions are used by Xavier’s Clery Compliance Officer to help classify crimes for counting purposes only. They are not used in the criminal prosecution under Ohio Law or in the student or employee conduct processes at Xavier.

- **Sexual Assault:** “Sexual assault” means an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting system. A sex offense is any act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
- **Rape:** penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- **Fondling:** the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/ her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- **Incest:** non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape:** a non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- **Domestic Violence:** The term “domestic violence” means:

- 1) Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed
 - By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
 - By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
 - By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
 - By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
 - By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
 - For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.
- **Dating Violence:** The term "dating violence" means violence committed by a person:
 - 1) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and
 - 2) The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

For the purposes of this definition-

- (i) Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
 - (ii) Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.
- For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Stalking: The term "stalking" means:

- 1) Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to
 - (i) fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
 - (ii) Suffer substantial emotional distress.
- 2) For the purposes of this definition
 - (i) Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
 - (ii) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
 - (iii) Reasonable persons means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- 3) For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAMS

The University engages in comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking that:

- Are culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to

- community needs, and informed by research, or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome; and
- Consider environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community and societal levels.

Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students and employees that:

- Identifies domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as prohibited conduct by Xavier University;
 - Defines using definitions provided both by the Department of Education as well as state law what behavior constitutes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking;
 - Defines what behavior and actions constitute consent to sexual activity in the State of Ohio and using the definition of consent found in the Student Code of Conduct and the purposes for which that definition is used (those definitions can be found above under “Consent”);
 - Provides a description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene;
 - Information on risk reduction. Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.
- A. Provides an overview of information contained in the Annual Security Report in compliance with the Clery Act. Additionally, the following information will be provided regarding:
- a. procedures victims should follow if a crime of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking occurs (as described in “Procedures Victims Should Follow if a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking Occurs” elsewhere in this document);
 - b. how the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties (as described in “Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options” elsewhere in this document);
 - c. existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, and other services available for victims, both within the institution and in the community (as described in “Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options” elsewhere in this document); and
 - d. options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures (as described in “Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options” elsewhere in this document);
 - e. procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking (as described in “Adjudication of Violations” elsewhere in this document).

The University has developed an annual educational campaign consisting of presentations that include distribution of educational materials to new students; participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation; and presentations, activities and other programming initiatives on an ongoing basis to employees and students.

The University offered the following primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students in 2021:

(DoV means Domestic Violence, DaV means Dating Violence, SA means Sexual Assault, and S means Stalking)

Name of Program	Date Held	Location Held	Which Prohibited Behavior Covered?
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for All Student Athletes	January 24, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
2.5 hour Sex Discrimination and Title IX Training for All Incoming First Year Students	Summer 2021	Online	DoV, DaV, SA and S
Everfi Sexual Assault Prevention Online Module for Incoming and Transfer Students	Summer 2021	Online	DoV, DaV, SA, S
2.5 hour Sex Discrimination and Title IX Training for All Incoming First Year Students	Summer 2021	Online	DoV, DaV, SA and S
Everfi Sexual Assault Prevention Online Module for Incoming and Transfer Students	Summer 2021	Online	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence For Theology 111 Students	April 5, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence for Smooth Transitions	April 11, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Incoming Students	August 14, 2021	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Transfer and Apex Students	August 15, 2021	Arrupe	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for First Year Student Athletes	August 31, 2021	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for First Year Student Athletes	October 26, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S

The University offered the following primary prevention and awareness programs for all new employees in 2021:

Name of Program	Date Held	Location Held	Which Prohibited Behavior Covered?
2.5 hour Discrimination and Harassment Prevention Training for New Hires	Within 30 Days of hire through 2020	Online	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination For Resident Advisors	August 6, 2020	Arrupe Overlook	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for New Faculty	August 10, 2021	CLC 308	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for New CDI Staff	August 12, 2021	GSC 332	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for New Dept. Chairs	November 12, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for New Hall Directors	July 28, 2020	Clock Tower Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S

The University offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for students in 2021:

Name of Program	Date Held	Location Held	Which Prohibited Behavior Covered?
Title IX & Transfer Students Welcome + Tabling	January 19, 2021	Cintas Conference Room	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: General Body Meetings	Ongoing	Varying	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Bi-Weekly Student Meetings	Ongoing	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteers: Drop-In Hours	Spring 2021; 4 days per week	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Game Night	January 7, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Spring Orientation Student Resource Hour +	January 19, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteers Team Meetings	Ongoing 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for All Student Athletes	January 24, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	January 28, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer: Self-Love Week Instagram Series	February 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S

Title IX & Sex Discrimination for MBA Bond Fund	February 3, 2021	WCB Trading Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: AB Trip Proposal Presentation	February 5, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer: In-Service	February 6, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	February 6, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Peer Educators In-Service	February 13, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Capital Fund Students	February 17, 2021	WCB Trading Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteers: Black History Month Instagram Series	February 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	February 28, 2021	Fenwick Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for SLAB	March 3, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	March 3, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	March 6, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Social Work Students	March 9, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Pillow Talk with Xavier Nupes	March 11, 2021	Alter 109	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer: In-Service	March 12, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Peer Educators In-Service	March 13, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteers & Swag: Self-Love Event	March 17, 2021	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	March 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	March 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: Responding to Disclosures with CFJ	March 31, 2021	CFJ	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Group	Ongoing April 2021	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: We See You XU Library Display for Sexual Assault Awareness Month	Ongoing April 2021	McDonald Library, 3 rd floor	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: What Were You Wearing Display	Ongoing April 2021	Residence Life, Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer Art Exhibit	Ongoing April 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: AB Trip Proposal with CFJ	April 7, 2021	CFJ	DoV, DaV, SA, S

ITNX: International Coffee Hour with CIE	April 7, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 9, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 10, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 12, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 13, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: The History and Importance of SAAM	April 13, 2021	CDI	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 14, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention Workshop	April 14, 2021	GSC Clock Tower Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: Fighting Back Virtual Screening and Discussion	April 15, 2021	CDI	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: Take Back the Night with EmpowerXU	April 16, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 16, 2021	HUB Recreation Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer: In-Service	April 17, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 20, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Peer Support Volunteer: Survivor Response Meeting	April 21, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 25, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Pledge	April 26, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: SAAM Puppy Puddle	April 27, 2021	Clock Tower	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: Denim Day	April 28, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: Fellows Bi-Weekly Meeting	April 30, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Celebration	April 30, 2021	Arrupe Overlook	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: New Peer Educator Welcome	June 10, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Men's Basketball Athletes and Staff	June 21, 21	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Advocacy Services for Hall Directors	July 28, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Advocacy Services for RAs	August 6, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S

BRAVE: Peer Educator Training	August 7, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence Prevention for Manresa Leaders	August 10, 2021	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Peer Support Volunteers	August 10, 2021	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Advocacy Services for Smooth Students	August 11, 2021	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexual Violence Succs Week of Welcome	August 17, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: Consent and Fries	August 20, 2021	Xavier Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Peer Educator Training	August 20, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Peer Educator Training	August 21, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Engagement Workshop	August 21, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Engaging Men Workshop	August 21, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	August 21, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for WCB Capital Fund Undergraduates	August 23, 2021	Smith Hall	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Club Day	August 25, 2021	North & South Xavier Yards	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Meet & Greet	September 7, 2021	Arrupe Overlook	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Club Sports	September 8, 2022	HUB 103	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	September 8, 2021	Arrupe Overlook	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	September 9, 2021	Husman Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence Prevention for Social Work Students	September 15, 2021	Cohen	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE & SAC: Not Your Typical Sex Talk with Justine Shuey	September 15, 2021	HUB 402	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Bond Fund MBA Students	September 22, 2022	Smith Trading Center	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence Prevention for Social Work Students	September 23, 2021	Cohen	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: Consent Tea Party	September 26, 2021	Clock Tower	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Gender-Based Violence Prevention for MSAT Students	October 4, 2021	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	October 4, 2021	Smith	DoV, DaV, SA, S

BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	October 4, 2021	Smith	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: What's Your Green Dot?	October 7, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: Red Zone General Body Meeting	October 7, 2021	CDI	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: In Service	October 9, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	October 9, 2021	Hailstones 402	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	October 11, 2021	GSC 214	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 7, 2021	HUB	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 12, 2021	Kuhlman 1 st Floor	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE & Swag: Painting Pumpkins with a Purpose	October 13, 2021	North Yard	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 15, 2021	Kuhlman 1 st Floor	DoV, DaV, SA, S
EmpowerXU: Red Zone General Body Meeting	October 18, 2021	GSC	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 29, 2021	Alter Hall 309	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 12, 2021	Alter Hall 304	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Sexversations	October 29, 2021	Alter Hall 304	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: In- Service	November 6, 2021	GSC 214	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	November 11, 2021	GSC 330	DoV, DaV, SA, S
BRAVE: Healthy Relationships & Bystander Intervention	November 16, 2021	HUB 201	DoV, DaV, SA, S

The University offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for employees in 2021:

Name of Program	Date Held	Location Held	Which Prohibited Behavior Covered?
2.5 hour Discrimination and Harassment Prevention Training for	Throughout	Online	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	January 21, 21	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	January 28, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	February 6, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for All Athletic Staff	February 10, 2021	Cintas Conference	DoV, DaV, SA, S

GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	February 10, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	February 20, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	March 3, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	March 4, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	March 6, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: SAAM Planning Committee	March 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	March 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	March 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: It's On X Survey for Faculty	Ongoing April 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX Sexual Harassment New Hearing Chair Training	April 9, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
ITNX: Faculty Video	May 4, 2021	Alumni Hall	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	May 25, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	June 16, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Men's Basketball Athletes	June 21, 21	Cintas	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Hall Directors	July 28, 2021	Clock Tower Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	July 13, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for GOA Instructors	August 4, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for XUPD	August 9, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Admissions	August 11, 2021	Schott Hall	DoV, DaV, SA, S

GD: Team Implementation Meeting	August 18, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	August 30, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	September 8, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	September 21, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	September 22, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for Jesuits	October 7, 2021	Loyola Conference Room	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for University Conduct Board	October 21, 2021	Clock Tower Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Green Dot Overview Talk (Faculty, Staff, and Administrators)	October 11, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	October 19, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for University Conduct Board	October 22, 2021	Clock Tower Lounge	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	October 20, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	November 17, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for CFJ Staff	November 17, 2021	Loyola Conference Room	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Response Team	November 23, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S
Title IX & Sex Discrimination for University Conduct Board	December 8, 2021	Mission & Identity	DoV, DaV, SA, S
GD: Team Implementation Meeting	December 13, 2021	Remote	DoV, DaV, SA, S

PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING A COMPLAINT

The University has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to those who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal

assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services on and/or off campus as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and a responding party, such as housing, academic, transportation and working accommodations, if reasonably available. The University will make such accommodations, if the victim requests them and if they are reasonable and available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to XUPD or local law enforcement. Students and employees should contact Kate Lawson, Title IX & Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, in person at Gallagher Student Center, Room 332B, Xavier University, 3800 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, OH 45207, via telephone at 513-745-3046, or via email at lawsonk1@xavier.edu.

After an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, the victim should consider seeking medical attention as soon as possible at one of the medical facilities listed below. In Ohio, evidence may be collected even if you chose not to make a report to law enforcement. The University of Cincinnati Medical Center, Good Samaritan Hospital, and Bethesda North Hospital have certified Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE) who are specially trained to collect evidence from individuals who report having been sexually assaulted.

Medical Facility	Address	Phone Number
University of Cincinnati Medical Center (served by SANE of Butler County)	234 Goodman Street, Cincinnati, OH 45219	513-584-5700
TriHealth Center for Abuse and Rape Emergency Services (CARES)	Bethesda North Hospital 10500 Montgomery Rd, Cincinnati, OH 45242	513-865-1111
	Good Samaritan Hospital 375 Dixmyth Avenue, Cincinnati, OH 45220-2489	513-865-5163

To best preserve the evidence, it is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 96 hours so that evidence may be preserved. Refraining from the foregoing may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred/or is occurring or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and/or sexually transmitted disease. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful in the University complaint resolution process, investigation and student or employee conduct proceedings or to a criminal investigation by police.

Although the University strongly encourages all members of its community to report incidents of sexual assault to law enforcement (including both on and off campus), it is the victim's choice whether or not to make such a report and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police.

Police reports can be filed by calling XUPD at 513-745-2000. Officers can collect a statement of facts from the complainant in a confidential setting at Flynn Hall or officers can meet a complainant at their place of residence. The University will assist any victim with notifying local police if they so desire by contacting XUPD or the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office. Officers from the appropriate jurisdiction can then meet the complainant at Flynn Hall, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office, or the complainant's place of residence where the officer will collect a statement of facts from the complainant about the incident. After a statement of facts is collected, the

complainant can expect a follow-up phone call from investigators with the police department who has jurisdiction over the location of the incident. Those investigators will then assist the complainant in their decision-making process.

XUPD are sworn police officers with jurisdiction to investigate reports of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, and work closely with local law enforcement in investigating these offenses. The Cincinnati Police Department may also be reached directly by calling 513-765-1212 or in person at any of the District stations (see maps online at the web address below for all addresses, telephone numbers and directions to each District Station). Additional information about the Cincinnati Police Department and Norwood Police Department may be found online respectively at <https://www.cincinnati-oh.gov/police/> and <http://www.norwoodpolice.org>.

The University strongly encourages victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, rape, or stalking to report the incident promptly to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator Kate Lawson by calling, writing or coming into the office to report in person and to XUPD, if so desired.

Title IX & Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator: Kate Lawson - Gallagher Student Center 332B, 513-745-3046, lawsonk1@xavier.edu.

The University will provide resources, on-campus, off-campus, or both, that include medical, health, counseling, legal assistance, victim advocacy, and visa and immigration assistance to persons who have been victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and will apply appropriate disciplinary procedures to those who commit those violations. The procedures set forth below are intended to afford a prompt response to charges of sexual assault, domestic or dating violence, and stalking, to maintain confidentiality and fairness consistent with applicable legal requirements, and to impose appropriate sanctions on violators of this policy.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate, become lost or unavailable, thereby making an investigation, possible prosecution, disciplinary proceedings, or obtaining protection from abuse orders related to the incident, more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, they nevertheless should consider speaking with XUPD or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that the victim decides to report the incident to law enforcement or the University at a later date to assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking is reported to the University, the below are the procedures that the University will follow. The standard of evidence that will be used during any student conduct hearing before the University Conduct Board, employee conduct hearing before the Harassment Hearing Panel, or administrative decision on campus arising from such a report is preponderance of the evidence, which means it must be shown that it is more likely than not that the misconduct occurred for discipline of the responding party to occur.

Incident Being Reported:	Procedure Xavier University Will Follow:
Sexual Assault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Depending on when reported (immediate vs delayed report), the University will provide complainant with access to medical care. 2. The University will assess immediate safety needs of complainant and the University community. 3. The University will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND will provide the complainant with contact information for local police department. 4. The University will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, such as housing changes, change in class schedule, and/or “No Contact” orders. The University will provide a “No Contact Order” directive to the accused party if deemed appropriate. 5. The University will provide a copy of the Sex Discrimination Policy to complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation and resolution. 6. The University will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the accused will be administratively charged and what the outcome of the hearing is. 7. The University will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Incident Being Reported:	Procedure Xavier University Will Follow:
Stalking	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The University will assess immediate safety needs of complainant 2. The University will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department. 3. The University will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order. 4. The University will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence (verbal when a police report is filed). 5. The University will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, such as housing changes, change in class schedule, and/or "No Contact" orders The University will provide a "No contact order" directive to the responding party if deemed appropriate. 6. The University will provide a copy of the Sex Discrimination Policy to complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation and resolution. 7. The University will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the responding party will be administratively charged and what the outcome of the hearing is. 8. The University will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.
Dating Violence	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The University will assess immediate safety needs of complainant. 2. The University will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND will provide the complainant with contact information for local police department. 3. The University will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence (verbal when a police report is filed). 4. The University will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, such as housing changes, change in class schedule, and/or "No Contact" orders. 5. The University will provide a "No Contact Order" directive to the responding party if deemed appropriate. 6. The University will provide a copy of the Sex Discrimination Policy to complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation and resolution. 7. The University will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the responding party will be administratively charged and what the outcome of the hearing is. 8. The University will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Incident Being Reported:	Procedure Xavier University Will Follow:
Domestic Violence	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The University will assess immediate safety needs of complainant. 2. The University will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND complainant provided with contact information for local police department. 3. The University will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order (verbal if police report is filed). 4. The University will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, such as housing changes, change in class schedule, and/or "No Contact" orders. 5. The University will provide a "No Contact Order" directive to the responding party if deemed appropriate. 6. The University will provide a copy of the Sex Discrimination Policy to complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation and resolution. 7. The University will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the responding party will be administratively charged and what the outcome of the hearing is. 8. The University will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS: RIGHTS & OPTIONS

Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint or whether the offense is alleged to have occurred on or off campus, the University will assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and will provide each victim with a written explanation of their rights and options. Such information shall include:

- the procedures victims should follow if a crime of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking has occurred;
- information about how the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties;
- a statement that the institution will provide written notification to students and employees about victim services within the institution and in the community;
- a statement regarding the institution's provisions about options for available assistance with academics, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures; and
- an explanation of the procedures for institutional disciplinary action.

Rights of Victims and the Institution's Responsibilities for Orders of Protection, "No Contact" Orders, Restraining Orders, or Similar Lawful Orders Issued by a Criminal, Civil, or Tribal Court or by the Institution

In Ohio, a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking has the following rights: A victim's state constitutional rights are found in Article I, Section 10a of the Constitution of Ohio: "Victims of criminal offenses shall be accorded fairness, dignity, and respect in the criminal justice process, and, as the general assembly shall define and provide by law, shall be accorded rights to reasonable and appropriate notice, information, access, and protection and to a meaningful role in the criminal justice process."

For further information on Victim's Rights in the State of Ohio, visit the Attorney General's webpage at <https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Publications-Files/Publications-for-Victims/Picking-Up-the-Pieces-A-Guide-to-Helping-Crime-Vic>.

Xavier University complies with Ohio law in recognizing orders of protection and encourages any person

who obtains an order of protection from any U.S. state to provide a copy to XUPD and the Office of the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator. A complainant may then meet with XUPD to develop a Safety Action Plan, which is a plan for XUPD and the victim to reduce the risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, providing a temporary cell phone, changing classroom location, supervisor, work location, or allowing a student to complete assignments from home. The University cannot apply for a legal order of protection for the victim from the applicable jurisdiction(s). The victim is required to apply directly for these services.

For access to all required forms related to orders of protection related to Stalking or Sexually Oriented Offenses:

https://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/JCS/domesticViolence/protection_forms/stalkingForms/default.asp

For access to all required forms related to orders of protection related to Domestic Violence, visit:

https://www.hamiltoncountyohio.gov/government/courts/court_of_domestic_relations/forms_procedures

TYPES OF PROTECTION ORDERS IN OHIO

There are different kinds of Protection Orders available to victims of domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking from governmental agencies. Depending on who the perpetrator is, what happened, and other factors, there are differences in where, when and how you seek these orders, what they do, and how long they last. The chart below provides basic information on each, and then detailed information follows. Ohio has jurisdiction over these cases as long as some of the acts occurred in Ohio, regardless of where the perpetrator lives. In Protection Order cases, the person who files the motion for the Protection Order is the “Petitioner” and the responding party is the “Respondent.”

Type of Order:	Who Can File For One:	Court:	Based On:
Domestic Violence Civil Protection Order – up to 5 years, can be renewed**	Family or household members including : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spouses, former spouses • Parent, child, foster parent • People who have kids together • Intimate partners who lived together in the last 5 years • Same sex couples are eligible 	Domestic Relations Court – where victim lives, where abuser lives or has a business, or where incident(s) occurred	Causing or trying to cause injury or placing someone in fear of imminent serious harm (Courts use different requirements for how recent the incident must be)
Stalking Protection Order - up to 5 years, can be renewed**	Any person who is a victim of stalking. No relationship with stalker is required.	Common Pleas Court -where victim lives (if family or household member, can be filed as DV Protection Order, see above)	Pattern of conduct (2 or more events), closely related in time, that cause distress or make a victim believe the stalker will cause harm
Sexually Oriented Offense Protection Order - up to 5 years, can be renewed**	Any person who was a victim of a sexually oriented offense (see ORC 2950.01). No relationship with offender is required. Case does not have to be criminally prosecuted.	Common Pleas Court – where victim lives	Sexual assault or unwanted sexual contact (see ORC 2950.01)
Juvenile Protection Order – until abuser reaches age 19	Victim of abuse by a person who is under age 18, or the victim’s parent or other household member, or other parties the Court approves.	Juvenile Court – where victim lives	Assault, stalking, sexual offenses, threats of harm or aggravated trespass

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT PROTECTIVE ORDERS

Are law enforcement officers required to enforce protection orders? Yes. The statute requires law enforcement officers to enforce protection orders and to use arrest as the “preferred course of action” if they have reasonable cause to believe that someone has violated a civil or criminal protection order (unless the violator is a juvenile).

Are protection orders enforceable statewide? Yes. Law enforcement officers in any county in Ohio are required to enforce valid civil and criminal protection orders issued in any other county.

Must Ohio law enforcement agencies and courts enforce protection orders issued by the courts of other states? Yes. Under the federal Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Ohio courts must enforce protection orders issued in other states if the other state provided notice and an opportunity for a fair hearing to the abuser.

Can a victim who obtains a protection order be charged with violating her or his own protection order? No, the order is directed against the abuser, and not against the victim. Some prosecutors and judges may want to punish a victim if they permit or encourages the abuser to have contact in violation of the protection order. In 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court held that a victim who invited her abuser into her home to attend her son’s birthday party after she obtained a CPO against him could not be prosecuted for aiding and abetting his violation of the protection order.

The University may issue an institutional “No Contact Order” if deemed appropriate or at the request of the victim or responding party.

ACCOMMODATIONS AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES AVAILABLE FOR VICTIMS

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, Xavier University will provide written notification to students and employees about accommodations available to them, including academic, living, transportation, protective orders and working situations. The written notification will include information regarding the accommodation options, available assistance in requesting accommodations, and how to request accommodations and protective measures (i.e., the notification will include the name and contact information for the individual or office that should be contacted to request the accommodations).

At the victim’s request, and to the extent of the victim’s cooperation and consent, University offices will work cooperatively to provide a Campus environment where the complainant’s health, physical safety, work and academic status are protected, pending the outcome of a formal University investigation of the complaint. For example, if reasonably available, a complainant may be offered changes to academic, living, or working situations in addition to counseling, health services, visa and immigration assistance and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement.

To request changes to academic, living, transportation and/or working situations or protective measures, a victim should contact the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office at 513-745-3046, lawsonk1@xavier.edu, or Gallagher Student Center 332B, 3800 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, OH 45207.

If the victim wishes to receive assistance in requesting these accommodations, they should contact the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator at 513-745-3046, lawsonk1@xavier.edu, or go to Gallagher Student Center 332B, 3800 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, OH 45207. You may also contact the

Campus Advocacy Coordinator at 513-904-9013, pelles@xavier.edu, or go to Xavier Counseling Services at the Health United Building (HUB).

Additionally, personally identifiable information about the victim will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons with a specific need to know who are investigating/adjudicating the complaint or delivering resources or support services to the complainant.

For example, publicly available record-keeping for purposes of Clery Act reporting and disclosures will be made without inclusion of identifying information about the victim, as defined in 42 USC 1395 (a) (20)). Further, the University will treat as confidential, any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

The University does not publish the name of crime victims nor house identifiable information regarding victims in the campus police departments Daily Crime Log or online. Victims may request that directory information on file be removed from public sources. Employees should contact Human Resources and students may request directory information be removed from public sources by filling out the required form at the Registrar's Office. Regardless of whether a victim has opted-out of allowing the University to share "directory information," personally identifiable information about the victim and other necessary parties will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons who have a specific need-to-know, i.e., those who are investigating/adjudicating the report or those involved in providing support services to the victim, including accommodations and protective measures.

RESOURCES FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT & STALKING

ON- AND OFF- CAMPUS SERVICES FOR VICTIMS

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, Xavier University will provide written notification to students and employees about existing assistance with and/or information about obtaining resources and services including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement. These resources include the following:

On-Campus Resources

- **XUPD** – XUPD officers are trained in survivor support services and can serve as the first point of contact between survivors and other recovery services. XUPD is located at 1648 Musketeer Drive (Flynn Hall) Cincinnati, OH 45207. XUPD can be reached at 513-745-2000.
- **Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office** – Individuals may make a report, obtain victim advocacy and seek interim measures even if a formal complaint is not pursued. The Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office is located at 3815 St Francis Xavier Way (Gallagher Student Center) Room 332B (third floor), Cincinnati, OH 45207. The office can be reached at 513-745-3046.
- **Office of the Dean of Students** – Individuals may make a report and seek interim measures even if a formal complaint is not made. The Dean of Students is located at 3815 St Francis Xavier Way (Gallagher Student Center) Room 330 (third floor), Cincinnati, OH 45207. The office can be reached at 513-745-3166.
- **Women Helping Women (WHW)** – support and advocacy group dedicated to serving individuals of all backgrounds, sexes, gender identities, sexual orientations and abilities. WHW is free, confidential

and may be contacted 24 hours a day at 513-381-5610.

- **Center for Mission & Identity** – can provide individuals with spiritual support. The center is located at 1625 Musketeer Drive (Bishop Fenwick Place, near Currito Burrito) Cincinnati, Ohio 45207. They can be reached at 513-745-3530.
- **Human Resources** – can assist Faculty & Staff with contacting Employee Assistance Programs and can connect individuals with other recovery services. The Human Resources Office is located at 1507 Dana Ave (Alumni Center) Room 132, Cincinnati, OH, 45207. They can be reached at 513-745-3638
- **Center for Diversity and Inclusion (CDI)** – helping individuals to engage in diversity, inclusion and justice programming and initiatives. The CDI is located at 3815 St Francis Xavier Way (Gallagher Student Center) Room 280 (second floor), Cincinnati, OH 45207. The office can be reached at 513-745-3181.
- **Center for International Education (CIE)** – can assist international students by providing information and resources for individuals while traveling abroad. The CIE is located at 3815 St Francis Xavier Way (Gallagher Student Center) Room 230 (second floor), Cincinnati, OH 45207. The office can be reached at 513-745-2864.
- **Xavier Health Services** - operated by TriHealth, remains open to provide medical support for students. Office visits are available by appointment for injuries, immunizations, physicals, previous health concerns, and general sick appointments. Hours of operation are Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM-5:00 PM. Students may call Health Services at 513-745-3022, option 3, to schedule an appointment or speak with a member of the medical team. For more information visit: xavier.edu/health-wellness/health/index.
- **Xavier University Counseling Services** – offering clinical mental health counseling and psychologist services. Located at the Health United Building (HUB) at 1723 Cleneay Ave. Norwood, OH 45212. They are available Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM-5:00 PM, 513-745-3022, option 2. For a complete list of services please visit their website at: xavier.edu/health-wellness/counseling.

Off-campus resources

- **Cincinnati Police Department (CPD)** – for police incidents that occur outside of XUPD's jurisdiction and within the City of Cincinnati you can contact them at 513-765-1212 for non-emergency situation. Their website is: cincinnati-oh.gov/police/ Included on that site is the contact information for each district as well as a district map.
- **Norwood Police Department (NPD)** - for fire, medical or police incidents that occur outside of XUPD's jurisdiction and within the City of Norwood you can contact them at 513-458-4520 for non-emergency situation. They are located at 4701 Montgomery Rd, Cincinnati, OH 45212.
- **University of Cincinnati Medical Center Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program** – Nurses on-call 24 hours, trained to help sexual assault survivors. Contact the program at 513-584-4201 or learn more at: uchealth.com/university-of-cincinnati-medical-center/services/sexual-%20assault-nurse-examiners.
- **TriHealth Center for Abuse and Rape Emergency Services (CARES)**- serving Bethesda North Hospital 10500 Montgomery Rd, Cincinnati, OH 45242 513-865-1111 and Good Samaritan Hospital 375 Dixmyth Avenue, Cincinnati, OH 45220-2489 513-865-5163. Nurses on-call 24 hours, trained to help individuals reporting sexual violence and domestic/dating violence. Learn more at: <https://www.trihealth.com/institutes-and-services/rape-emergency-services>
- **Women Helping Women (WHW)** – support and advocacy group dedicated to serving women and men of all backgrounds, sexual orientations and abilities. WHW is free, confidential and may be contacted 24 hours a day at 513-381-5610.

- **City of Cincinnati Prosecutor** – Responsible for prosecuting crimes in the City of Cincinnati. For more information call 513- 352-5333.
- **Hamilton County Prosecutor** – Responsible for prosecuting crimes in Hamilton County. For more information call 513- 946-3000.
- **Talbert House (24 hour hotline)** – Provides resources concerning adult behavioral health, community care, court and corrections, and housing. Contact Talbert House at 513- 281-CARE (2273) or text Talbert to 839863 if in crisis or in need of immediate assistance, available 24 hours a day.
- **Ohio Statewide Victim Information & Notification Everyday (“VINE”)** – VINE permits individuals to check on an offender’s custody status. VINE may be accessed by calling 1-800-770-0792 or visiting vinelink.com.
- **Ohio Victim Compensation** – Administered through the Ohio Attorney General, the program reimburses crime victims, their families, and others who may incur specific expenses resulting from a crime of violence. For more information call 1-877-5VICTIM.
- **Ohio Crime Victim Justice Center** – Provides free legal assistance to crime victims. For more information call 614-848-8500 or visit ocvjc.org.

Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

- www.rainn.org – Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network
- www.justice.gov/ovw/sexual-assault - Department of Justice
- www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html - Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights

HOW TO BE AN ACTIVE BYSTANDER

Bystanders play a critical role in the prevention of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. They are individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it. The University promotes a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence without causing further harm. Persons may not always know what to do even if they want to help. Below is a list of some ways to be an active bystander. If you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 911 or call XUPD at 513-745-1000. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another and it is not safe for you to interrupt.

- 1) Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees.
- 2) If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are okay.
- 3) Confront people who seclude, hit on, try to make out with, or have sex with people who are incapacitated.
- 4) Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person.
- 5) Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking.
- 6) Refer people to on- or off-campus resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling, or with legal assistance.

RISK REDUCTION

No victim is ever to blame for being sexually assaulted, being abused in a relationship, or being stalked. There is no mistake in judgment or “poor decision” that can make a person “deserve” to be victimized by another person. The more an individual knows about these types of Sex Discrimination, the better prepared they will be if something does happen to them or someone they know. Below are some tips on reducing your risk and on how to help someone else who may be experiencing domestic violence, dating violence,

stalking and/or sexual assault (taken in part from the Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network, www.rainn.org).

- **Educate yourself.** The more you know about how most perpetrators of sexual assault commit the assault, the power and control dynamics and cycle of dating violence, and what types of behaviors may constitute stalking, as well as the resources available to potential victims, the better prepared you will be if something happens to you or someone you know.
- **Trust your instincts.** If something doesn't feel right, speak up and seek resources. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 911 in most areas of the U.S.) or XUPD at 513-745-1000.
- **If you see someone isolating another person who looks uncomfortable or who may be intoxicated, intervene.** For example, let the person who is trying to remove your friend from the group know that you will be taking her or him home instead.
- **Be aware of the effects of drugs used to facilitate sexual assault.** If you feel extremely tired, out of it or more intoxicated for the amount of alcohol you may have consumed, you may have been drugged. Find your friends and ask them to leave with you as soon as possible. If you suspect you have been drugged, go to a hospital and ask to be tested. Similarly, if you see a friend reacting in a way that is atypical for the amount of alcohol they have consumed or they are acting out of character for the situation, ask her or him to leave with you and get them to a safe place immediately. **If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 911 in most areas of the U.S.).** Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others).
- **Talk with your friends about watching out for each other and not leaving one person behind BEFORE you go out-have a plan and stick to it!**
- **When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends.** Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation.
- **Be aware of your surroundings.** Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way to get out of a bad situation.
- **Make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have money for transportation.**

If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation here are some things that you can try:

- **Remember that being in this situation is not your fault.** You did not do anything wrong, it is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
- **Be true to yourself.** Don't feel obligated to do anything you don't want to do. "I don't want to" is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you and what you are comfortable with.
- **Have a code word with your friends or family** so that if you don't feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
- **Lie.** If you don't want to hurt the person's feelings, it is better to lie and make up a reason to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse. Some excuses you could use are: needing to take care of a friend or family member, not feeling well, having somewhere else that you need to be, etc.
- **Try to think of an escape route.** *How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the doors? Windows? Are there people around who might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?*

If you and/or the other person have been drinking, you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.

ADJUDICATION OF VIOLATIONS

Whether or not criminal charges are filed, the University or a person may file a complaint with designated University officials. Reports of Sex Discrimination (including sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking) by students are handled under the Student Conduct process found in the Xavier Student Handbook.

Reports of Sex Discrimination by others are handled under the Xavier Harassment Code and Accountability Procedures (HCAP). These processes may be pursued whether or not criminal charges are filed. All persons who investigate sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking cases (law enforcement and Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office staff) and who serve as decision makers in University conduct proceedings receive annual training on these offenses that focus on protecting victims and promoting offender accountability in order to be in compliance. Below is a summary of the process.

The standard of evidence that will be used during any student conduct hearing before the University Conduct Board, employee conduct hearing before the Harassment Hearing Panel, or administrative decision on campus arising from a report of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking is preponderance of the evidence, which means it must be shown that it is more likely than not that the misconduct occurred for discipline of the responding party to occur.

For a complete description of the process please see the Xavier Student Handbook at xavier.edu/handbook.

To Whom the Policy Applies	Name of Policy:	Major Steps in Policy/Procedures and Timelines	Decision-Making Process	How Xavier Determines
Students	Student Code of Conduct	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A complaint is reported to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office. That office promptly investigates all complaints of sex discrimination. This investigation must be adequate, reliable and impartial. The time it takes to conduct an investigation depends on the particular facts and circumstances; however, most investigations will begin within 10 business days of a complaint being made and the Title IX Coordinator will take all reasonable steps to conduct the investigation in a timely manner. Timelines may expand or contract depending on many factors including, but not limited to, a concurrent law enforcement activity; the complexity of the matter; the availability of party(ies); witnesses, or evidence; the time in the school year when the investigation takes place; the need for language assistance; and/or accommodation of disabilities. 2. At any time before the start of a hearing or alternate resolution process, the Respondent may elect to accept responsibility for the alleged violation(s) and accept the benchmark or other appropriate sanctions. 3. If a student does not accept responsibility, 	A finding of responsibility is based on the preponderance of the evidence standard, which means that the evidence shows it is more likely than not that Sex Discrimination occurred.	Xavier uses the Student Code of Conduct's procedures in each case in which the responding party is a student.

		<p>once the investigation is complete, if the matter is addressed under Title IX, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office will submit the matter to the Dean of Students Office. If the matter is addressed under Xavier's Interpersonal Violence policies, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Office will assess, based on the entirety of the investigation, whether there is reasonable cause to conclude that the respondent may have violated the policy(ies). If that office does find reasonable cause, it will submit the matter to the Dean of Students Office.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. The Dean of Students Office will schedule a hearing to resolve the complaint. 5. Following the outcome of the hearing, both parties have the right to request an appeal. 		
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To Whom the Policy Applies	Name of Policy:	Major Steps in Policy/Procedures and Timelines	Decision-Making Process	How Xavier Determines Which Policy to Use
Employees	Xavier Harassment Code and Accountability Procedures (HCAP) (Faculty should also see the Faculty Handbook)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A complaint is submitted either in writing or verbally to the Affirmative Action Officer or Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator. 2. The Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office promptly investigate all complaints of sex discrimination. This investigation must be adequate, reliable and impartial. The time it takes to conduct an investigation depends on the particular facts and circumstances; however, most investigations will begin within 10 business days of a complaint being made and the Title IX Coordinator will take all reasonable steps to conduct the investigation in a timely manner. Timelines may expand or contract depending on many factors including, but not limited to, a concurrent law enforcement activity; the complexity of the matter; the availability of party(ies); witnesses, or evidence; the time in the school year when the investigation takes place; the need for language assistance; and/or accommodation of disabilities. 3. At any time before the start of a hearing or alternate resolution process, the Respondent may elect to accept responsibility for the alleged violation(s) and accept the benchmark or other appropriate sanctions. 4. If the Respondent does not accept responsibility, once the investigation is complete, if the matter is addressed under Title IX, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office will submit the matter to the Affirmative Action Officer. If the matter is addressed under Xavier's Interpersonal Violence policies, the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Office will assess, based on the entirety of the investigation, whether there is reasonable cause to conclude that the respondent may have violated the policy(ies). If that office does find reasonable cause, it will submit the matter to the Affirmative Action Officer. 5. The Affirmative Action Officer will follow the HCAP procedures to determine whether informal or formal procedures for resolution will be utilized to resolve the complaint. 6. The Affirmative Action Officer will implement the appropriate, identified resolution procedures under the HCAP. 	<p>If a formal hearing is scheduled to resolve the complaint, the Harassment Hearing Board (HHB) will determine of the responding party violated the policies using the preponderance of the evidence standard.</p> <p>The HHB attempts to reach a consensus. If a consensus cannot be reached, a majority vote will determine the finding</p>	Xavier uses the HCAP procedures in each case in which the responding party is an employee.

Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to XUPD will automatically be referred to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator for investigation regardless of whether the complainant chooses to pursue criminal charges.

The University disciplinary process is consistent with the University's policies and procedures and will include a prompt, fair, and impartial initial investigation and final resolution process transparent to the reporting party and responding party. The University will take all reasonable steps to conduct the investigation in a timely manner, designated by the University's policy, however, the proceedings timeframe allows for extensions for good cause with written notice to the reporting party and responding

party of the delay and the reason for the delay.

Investigators are trained annually on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking; how to conduct an impartial, fair investigation compliant with Title IX; and how to facilitate a hearing process that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability. This training topics are addressed through on-line learning, seminars, team meetings and in-classroom instruction. Conduct Board members are trained annually on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking; what investigations entail; and how to ensure a hearing process protects the safety of the complainant and promotes accountability. Training methods for these are similar to the above. The University's procedures provide that:

- 1) The complainant and the respondent student each have the opportunity to attend a hearing before a properly trained hearing board that protects the safety of complainants and promotes accountability;
- 2) The complainant and the respondent will have timely notice for meetings at which the complainant or respondent, or both, may be present;
- 3) The University will allow for timely and equal access to the reporting party, the responding party, and appropriate officials to any information that will be used after the fact-finding investigation but during formal and informal University disciplinary meeting and hearings;
- 4) The University's disciplinary procedures will not be conducted by officials who have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the reporting party or the responding party;
- 5) The University provides the reporting party and the responding party the same opportunities to have others present during an institutional disciplinary proceeding. The reporting party and the responding party student each have the opportunity to be advised by a personal advisor of their choice, at their expense, at any stage of the process and to be accompanied by that advisor at any meeting or proceeding. The University will not limit the choice of advisor or presence for either the reporting party and the responding party in any meeting or institutional disciplinary proceeding. However, the role of the advisor is limited. The Advisor may help the reporting party and the responding party prepare his/her position, but may not present it or speak for or on behalf of the reporting party and the responding party at the meeting or proceeding.
- 6) A student conduct decision is based on the preponderance of evidence standard, i.e. "more likely than not to have occurred" standard. In other words, the conduct process asks: "is it more likely than not that the responding party student violated the university's Student Conduct Code?"
- 7) The reporting party and the responding party will be notified simultaneously in writing of the result of any disciplinary proceeding, as well as any changes to those results or disciplinary actions prior to the time that such results become final; and
- 8) Where an appeal is permitted under the applicable policy, the reporting party and the responding party will be notified simultaneously in writing, of the procedures for the responding party and the victim to appeal the result of the institutional disciplinary proceeding. The reporting party and the responding party each have the right to appeal the outcome of the hearing as noted in the policy chart set out above and in greater detail in the Student Handbook and the HCAP and will be notified simultaneously in writing, of any change to the result prior to the time that it becomes final and of the final result after the appeal is resolved.

When an reporting party does not consent to the disclosure of his or her name or other identifiable information to the alleged perpetrator, the University's ability to respond to the complaint may be limited.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The University will protect the identity of persons who report having been victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to the fullest extent of the law and as previously mentioned in this document.

All individuals with knowledge of sex discrimination (including sexual harassment, sexual assault, rape, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking), are encouraged to report the incident to Xavier University. So that Xavier can effectively respond to sex discrimination, and ensure a safe, nondiscriminatory environment for all community members, most Xavier employees who receive information about sex discrimination must report it to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator so that they can respond promptly and in compliance with all federal, state, and other applicable law. Confidential resources not required to report to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator include rape crisis advocates, mental health counselors, campus health center professionals and clergy functioning as a pastoral counselor. Individuals experiencing sex discrimination should review Xavier's [Xavier's Sex Discrimination Reporting and Support resources](#) for full information regarding on- and off-campus reporting resources, and confidential and non-confidential advocacy and support services.

In accordance with Title IX, Xavier prohibits retaliation. It is a separate violation of the Student Handbook and HCAP. Xavier will take steps to prevent retaliation and issue a strong responsive action if it occurs.

Even if an individual who has been negatively affected by sex discrimination does not want to pursue the matter through the student or employee conduct process or the criminal justice system, he or she should still consider making a confidential report to Xavier. The purpose of the confidential report is to maintain confidentiality while allowing Xavier to take steps to ensure the future safety of the individual and the community. Anonymous reports can be made by calling the Anonymous Reporting Hotline at 855-481-6238 or submitting an anonymous report online by following the link on the Audit & Risk Management's website secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/media/en/gui/34090/index.html.

By reporting the incident, Xavier can keep an accurate record of the number of reported incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of sex discrimination with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, alert the campus community to potential danger, and initiate the Student Conduct Process. Pursuant to the Clery Act, reports of certain types of sex discrimination to Xavier (including but not limited to reports to the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Office, Residence Life, Resident Assistants, the Dean of Students, Center for Diversity and Inclusion, the Anonymous Reporting Hotline, XUPD, and any other Xavier faculty, staff or administrator) must be counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for Xavier. Xavier's annual crime statistics report does not reveal the identities of the persons involved. Disclosure of the reported incident for inclusion in the annual crimes statistics does not typically involve disclosure of personally identifiable information within Xavier except to the extent necessary to ensure the incident is not double counted. Only reports to pastoral and professional counselors (i.e., counselors at the Health and Counseling Services and Psychological Services Center) acting in their role of pastoral or professional counselor and confidential advocates from local advocacy service provider Women Helping Women may not be disclosed and counted in the annual crimes statistics for Xavier.

If an individual who has been negatively affected by sex discrimination reports the incident and requests confidentiality or asks that the complaint not be pursued through the student or employee conduct process, Xavier will still take all reasonable steps to investigate and respond to the complaint consistent with the request for confidentiality or request not to pursue the investigation. Individuals should be aware that

Xavier's ability to respond (including sanctioning the alleged perpetrator through the student or employee conduct processes) may be limited by such a request. Still, Xavier will pursue other steps to limit the effects of the alleged discrimination and prevent its recurrence.

Xavier must evaluate all requests for confidentiality in the context of its responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. The Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator, or her designee in her absence, will be responsible for evaluating requests for confidentiality.

When weighing an individual's request for confidentiality that could preclude a meaningful investigation or potential discipline of the alleged perpetrator, the University will consider a range of factors. These factors include circumstances that suggest there is an increased risk of the alleged perpetrator committing additional acts of sex discrimination or other violence (e.g., whether there have been other sex discrimination complaints about the same alleged perpetrator, whether the alleged perpetrator has a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of violence, whether the alleged perpetrator threatened further violence against the student or others, and whether the sex discrimination was committed by multiple perpetrators). These factors also include circumstances that suggest there is an increased risk of future acts of sex discrimination under similar circumstances (e.g., whether the student's report reveals a pattern of perpetration (e.g., via illicit use of drugs or alcohol) at a given location or by a particular group). Other factors that should be considered in assessing a request for confidentiality include whether the sex discrimination was perpetrated with a weapon; the age of the student subjected to the sex discrimination; and whether the University possesses other means to obtain relevant evidence (e.g., security cameras or personnel, physical evidence). Accordingly, Xavier cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality in response to every request, but will inform the person requesting confidentiality if it cannot ensure confidentiality in light of the foregoing factors.

SANCTIONS AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES

In all cases, investigations that result in a finding that it is more likely than not that a violation of the applicable policy occurred will lead to the initiation of disciplinary procedures against the responding party. University sanctions against students for any violation of Student Code of Conduct policies can include a written warning, parental notification, educational sanctions, and limitations on activities, fines, restitution, no contact directives, residence life probation, removal from University housing, university probation, suspension, and expulsion.

Employees may receive participation in counseling; prohibition of the respondent from participating in grading, honors, recommendations, reappointment and promotion decisions, or other evaluations of the complainant; letter of reprimand and copy of a grievance record placed in respondent's permanent file; restrictions on the respondent's access to University resources, such as merit pay or other salary increases for a specific period, or suspension or dismissal from the University. All outcomes are based on the egregiousness of the prohibited conduct and other factors as set forth in relevant policies of the University. For students, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are violations of the Student Conduct Code and the Student Handbook state certain benchmark sanctions for their occurrence. Employees who violate this policy will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment. Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are criminal acts which also may subject the perpetrator to criminal and civil penalties under federal and state law.

The Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator or their designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measure should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include, but are

not limited to: a University No Contact Order, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or multiple parties involved. Violations of the Title IX and Interpersonal Violence Response Coordinator's directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by Xavier University.

RETALIATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.

NOTIFICATION TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES OF VIOLENCE

The University will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the report of the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by such institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as the result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph.

SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION

The federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on October 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers services or is a student.

In Ohio, information on registered sex offenders can be accessed using the website for the Ohio Office of the Attorney General, which is here communitynotification.com/cap_main.php?office=55149.

XAVIER UNIVERSITY MAIN CAMPUS CRIMES STATISTICS 2019, 2020, AND 2021

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Rape*	2019	18	0	0	18	18
	2020	208(*)	0	0	208(*)	207(*)
	2021	11	0	0	11	11
Fondling*	2019	5	0	0	5	4
	2020	5	0	0	5	5
	2021	2	0	0	2	1
Incest*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2019	0	0	1	0	1
	2020	1	0	0	1	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2019	2	0	0	2	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2019	9	0	0	9	3
	2020	5	0	0	5	1
	2021	4	0	0	4	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	2019	1	0	0	1	0
	2020	2	0	0	2	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Dating Violence	2019	1	0	0	1	0
	2020	4	0	0	4	2
	2021	10	0	0	10	9
Stalking	2019	5	0	1	6	2
	2020	10	0	1	10	5
	2021	4	0	0	4	2
Liquor Laws Arrests	2019	2	0	0	2	0
	2020	2	0	0	2	1
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Laws Arrests	2019	2	0	2	4	0
	2020	3	0	2	5	0
	2021	2	0	0	2	0
Weapons Laws Arrests	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws Referrals	2019	329	0	0	329	317
	2020	259	0	0	259	252
	2021	202	0	0	213	195
Drug Laws Referrals	2019	129	0	0	129	114
	2020	54	0	4	58	49
	2021	76	0	0	79	74
Weapons Laws Referrals	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
There were no hate crimes reported in 2019, 2020 or 2021						
There was 1 unfounded crime in 2019, no unfounded crimes in 2020, and no unfounded crimes in 2021.						

**In 2020, a former student reported to the Institution that in the spring and summer semesters of 1997 that she had been sexually assaulted on a daily basis by another student. XUPD attempted to investigate the matter, but due to the passage of time and limited information currently available, the University ultimately had to seek technical assistance from the U.S. Department of Education's Clery Group to determine the proper statistical count. Based upon the Department of Education's guidance and the recollections and statement of the reporting party, it was determined that 199 represents the most accurate Clery Act count possible. Due to Clery Act policy, while the events occurred in 1997, they must be reported in 2020 numbers, the year a student disclosed. For further clarification contact LT Adrian Fuller at 513-745-3401 or fullera@xavier.edu.*

XAVIER UNIVERSITY ABSN CINCINNATI CRIMES STATISTICS 2019, 2020, AND 2021

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Rape*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Incest*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape*	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Dating Violence	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws Arrests	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Laws Arrests	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Laws Arrests	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws Referrals	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Laws Referrals	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Laws Referrals	2019	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0
There were no hate crimes reported in 2019, 2020 or 2021						
There was no unfounded crimes in this location in the last three years.						

XAVIER UNIVERSITY ABSN CLEVELAND CRIMES STATISTICS 2020, 2021

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Manslaughter by Negligence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Rape*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Fondling*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Incest*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Statutory Rape*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Robbery	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Aggravated Assault	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Burglary	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Motor Vehicle Theft	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Arson	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Domestic Violence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Dating Violence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Stalking	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Liquor Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Drug Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Weapons Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Liquor Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Drug Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Weapons Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
2020 was the first year of operation for the Cleveland ABSN site.						
There were no unfounded reports or hate crimes reported in 2020 or 2021.						

XAVIER UNIVERSITY ABSN COLUMBUS CRIMES STATISTICS 2020, 2021

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Manslaughter by Negligence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Rape*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Fondling*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Incest*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Statutory Rape*	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Robbery	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Aggravated Assault	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Burglary	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Motor Vehicle Theft	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Arson	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Domestic Violence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A

Offense	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Dating Violence	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Stalking	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Liquor Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Drug Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Weapons Laws Arrests	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Liquor Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Drug Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
Weapons Laws Referrals	2020	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2021	0	0	0	0	N/A
2020 was the first year of operation for the Columbus ABSN site.						
There were no unfounded reports or hate crimes reported in 2020 or 2021.						

Xavier University reports the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that were reported to a Campus Security Authority.

FIRE SAFETY ANNUAL COMPLIANCE REPORT OVERVIEW

The "Higher Education Opportunity Act" (Public Law 110-315) became law in August 2008, requiring all United States academic institutions to produce an annual fire safety report outlining fire safety practices, standards, and all fire-related on-campus statistics related to student housing. The following public disclosure report details all information required by this law as it relates to Xavier University as outlined in the initial regulation; subsequent yearly reports comply with the act as amended and published October 29, 2009.



ON-CAMPUS HOUSING FIRE SAFETY EQUIPMENT

At Xavier University, the residence halls are protected by fire/smoke detection and alarm systems which are centrally monitored 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The buildings are also equipped with emergency lighting fixtures that incorporate backup batteries; upon loss of power, these systems automatically activate to assure adequate egress lighting in hallways and emergency exit stairwells. All fire safety systems and equipment are strictly maintained and tested in accordance with applicable national standards.

Building Name & Address	Alarm Monitoring (Xavier University Police)	Partial Sprinkler System	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguishing Devices	Evacuation Plans & Signs	Number of Fire Drills Each Year
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	X	X		X	X	X	1
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	X	X		X	X	X	1
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Drive	X	X		X	X	X	1
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	X	X		X	X	X	1
Fenwick Place 1625 Musketeer Drive	X		X	X	X	X	1
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Drive	X		X	X	X	X	1
Village Apartments 1401 Dana Ave				X	X		
1019 Dana Ave.				X	X		
University Apartments 3849 Saint Francis Xavier Way	X		X	X	X		
Manor House 3855 Saint Francis Xavier Way	X			X	X		
1513 Dana Ave.				X	X		
1421 Dana Ave				X	X		
University Station 1725 Cleneay Ave			X	X	X	X	

FIRE SAFETY EDUCATION, TRAINING AND FIRE DRILLS

On-campus residents, including those with special needs, receive comprehensive fire safety training at the beginning of the academic year. Training on fire and life safety is also provided to all Hall Directors, Residential Advisors, and Building Service Staff. In addition, a quality control program that covers emergency and evacuation procedures is reviewed regularly with the occupants and staff of each respective residence hall. Each resident is required to review and comply with the requirements outlined in the Xavier University Code of Student Conduct which includes information on fire safety and what appropriate action to take during a fire alarm or fire emergency. Fire drills are conducted annually in all of the occupied residence halls in coordination with Xavier University's offices of Clery Compliance and Safety, Residence Life, Physical Plant, and XUPD.



2019	Description of Exercise	Drill Date	Announced/Unannounced
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/25/2019	Unannounced
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/19/2019	Unannounced
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/23/2019	Unannounced
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/24/2019	Unannounced
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/20/2019	Unannounced
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/26/2019	Unannounced
2020	Description of Exercise	Drill Date	Announced/Unannounced
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/28/2020	Unannounced
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	10/1/2020	Unannounced
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/30/2020	Unannounced
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/29/2020	Unannounced
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/28/2020	Unannounced
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/29/2020	Unannounced

2021	Description of Exercise	Drill Date	Announced/Unannounced
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/1/21	Unannounced
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	8/31/21	Unannounced
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	8/30/21	Unannounced
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/1/21	Unannounced
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	8/31/21	Unannounced
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Drive	Evacuation/Fire Drill	9/1/21	Unannounced

FIRE PREVENTION

- Fire Prevention and Emergency Action Plans help to ensure that faculty, staff and students comply with University health and safety policies and programs, attend required training, report any identified safety or health hazard, and know their roles in an emergency.
- Policy on Smoking: Xavier is a smoke, tobacco and nicotine free campus. A link to the policy can be found [here](#).
- University Facilities Usage and Event Approval requires that an application must be submitted for certain types of events on campus, and affirms that these events are subject to a review and approval process. The use of open flames and pyrotechnics, the layout of assembly areas/events, and use of decorations are all evaluated during this review.
- Residence Hall Fire and Fire Alarm Procedures ensures that students must evacuate the building upon fire alarm activation and outlines the role of staff members in overseeing evacuation procedures and reentry into the building when authorized.
- Residence Life procedures require that all staff and Resident Advisors be trained to perform safety audits of residence rooms, coordinate emergency evacuations and warning procedures, and facilitate the performance of fire and other drills.
- The Xavier University Code of Student Conduct, which is part of the housing agreement contract, limits the types of electrical appliances allowed in residence halls, establishes expectations for compliance with drills and training, provides for periodic health and safety inspections of residence rooms, affirms limitations on materials that may be stored in resident rooms, prohibits open flames without a permit, limits the use of combustible decorations/furnishings, and defines the consequences if students violate University policies and programs.
- Specifically:
 - Electrical appliances such as electric stoves, George Foreman-type grills, toaster ovens, toasters, crock pots, sandwich makers, air conditioners, space heaters, hot plates, and other open coiled appliances are not permitted in residence hall rooms. No extension cords of any type are permitted, and halogen bulb lamps and high-intensity lamps are prohibited.
 - Room furnishings/decorations and the decorating of public spaces are strictly controlled.
 - Items that require an open flame, operate on fuel or produce heat (such as Bunsen burners, lit candles, incense, and alcohol burners) are prohibited.
 - Student rooms, common areas, storage, and mechanical areas are subject to regular inspection by the Office of Residence Life. In addition, resident room inspections are conducted once per semester by hall staff in order to identify any health or safety concerns.
- Violations of fire and life safety policies are subject to University student conduct action and appropriate sanctions.

- Anyone found causing a false fire alarm, tampering with fire-safety equipment, or not properly evacuating during a fire alarm may face arrest and/or student conduct referral.

FIRE STATISTICS

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities 2019

Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manor House 3855 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
University Apartments 3849 Saint Francis Xavier Way	1	1	Unintentional Open Flame	0	0	0-99
Village Apartments 1401 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1019 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1513 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1517 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1519 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1521 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3836 Ledgewood Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1421 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1511 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities 2020

Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manor House 3855 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
University Apartments 3849 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Village Apartments 1401 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1019 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1513 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1517 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1519 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1521 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3836 Ledgewood Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1421 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1511 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities 2021

Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Brockman Hall 3837 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Buenger Hall 3848 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commons Apartments 1655 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Husman Hall 1610 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kuhlman Hall 3824 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Manor House 3855 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
University Apartments 3849 Saint Francis Xavier Way	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Village Apartments 1401 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Justice Hall 1625 Musketeer Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1019 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1513 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1517 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1519 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1521 Dana	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3836 Ledgewood Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1421 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1511 Dana Ave	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FIRE REPORTING

XUPD monitors the status of all fire detection and fire reporting systems in residence halls. If a fire is occurring, contact XUPD by calling the emergency line at 513-745-1000. If a fire has occurred and has been handled and needs to be reported, call the non-emergency line at 513-745-2000. A paper copy of the fire log is available for viewing at the police department 24 hours a day or by visiting xavier.edu/police.

RESIDENCE HALL FIRE SAFETY-PROCEDURES FOR STUDENTS

All persons must leave the building during fire alarms and may not reenter until approved by the fire department and instructed to do so by a University official (i.e., Xavier Police Officer, or a Hall Director). Violations, including students who refuse to evacuate, or return before they are told to do so, are serious grounds for student conduct proceedings. Any person who sets off a false alarm or misuses a fire extinguisher commits a severe violation and may be subject to prosecution under Ohio Law in addition to serious University sanctions. If in a residence hall, please leave the window blinds open, close and lock doors, and turn off the lights. Any student, who activates a false alarm, tampers with fire or safety equipment (such as fire extinguishers and door alarms) or fails to evacuate in the event of a fire alarm places the lives and safety of his/her fellow students in danger. This is one of the most severe violations of University Policy. Any student who in any way misuses fire or safety equipment, accidentally or maliciously, is subject to severe University disciplinary action and prosecution under Ohio Statutes.

PROCEDURES STUDENTS AND EMPLOYEES SHOULD FOLLOW IN CASE OF A FIRE

In the event of a fire, Xavier University expects that all campus community members will evacuate by the nearest exit, closing doors and activating the fire alarm system (if one is present) as they leave. Once safely outside a building, it is appropriate to contact 911 and the Xavier University Police Department. Students and/or staff are informed where to relocate to by staff if circumstance warrants at the time of the alarm. In the event fire alarms sound, Xavier University policy is that all occupants must evacuate from the building, closing doors as they leave. No training is provided to students or employees in firefighting or suppression activity as this is inherently dangerous and each community member's only duty is to exit safely and quickly, shutting doors along the exit path as they go to contain the spread of flames and smoke, and to activate the alarm as they exit. At no time should the closing of doors or the activation of the alarm delay the exit from the building.

GENERAL EVACUATION PROCEDURES

When a fire is detected, building occupants are to calmly proceed to the appropriate exit (as indicated by the posted evacuation route) and vacate the building. An alternate route is provided in case any exits or stairways are blocked. If possible, activate the nearest fire alarm pull station, and call XUPD at 513-745-1000, to advise them of the situation.

Individuals are to assemble at their designated meeting point. Account for all individuals with a headcount. Should individuals be missing, the Incident Commander or their alternate should be notified, they will confer with the fire department or other emergency personnel. Only emergency personnel will be allowed to enter the building.

As you leave the building:

- Before opening a closed door, feel the surface of the door with the back of your hand.
- If the door is hot, do not open it because there is probably fire on the other side. Backtrack and use your alternate escape route.
- If the door is cool, open it carefully.

- Close all doors behind you to help prevent the spread of smoke and fire.
- Do not attempt to use an elevator.
- If you encounter smoke, stay low or crawl if necessary, since there is usually cleaner air close to the floor. If available, place a wet rag over your mouth and nose to help filter the air.
- Assist anyone who appears to be disoriented or injured.
- Once outside the building, proceed directly to your assigned assembly point.
- Do not re-enter the building until directed to do so by XUPD or the Fire Department.

If you become trapped during a fire emergency:

- Find a room, preferably with a window.
- Close the door.
- If smoke starts to enter the room, seal the door with rags, clothing, or other materials.
- Look for a phone to try to call XUPD at 513-745-1000. Tell the dispatcher that you are trapped and give your location.
- If there is a window, signal rescuers with a rag, piece of paper, clothing, etc.
- If there is visible smoke outside the window, do not open it!
- If there is no visible smoke outside the window, open the top part of the window a few inches to let the smoke out and open the bottom of the window to let fresh air in.
- It may be possible to exit the building from a window, however, you should not attempt to jump from any window higher than the second floor from the ground level unless absolutely necessary. Wait as long as you can for rescuers to help you down.
- If no window is available, remain calm. Stay near the floor. Shout at regular intervals to alert emergency crews of your location.

OPEN FLAMES IN STUDENT HOUSING – CANDLES/INCENSE/OIL LAMPS

The possession of candles and/or incense (decorative or functional) is not permitted in on-campus housing facilities due to the fire hazard they create. Any damage caused by the burning of these items will be the responsibility of the residents. Items will be confiscated.

PLANS FOR FUTURE IMPROVEMENT

Xavier University maintains a prioritized list of projects to upgrade older fire systems, enhance the capabilities of existing systems, or install new fire safety systems in existing buildings in accordance with local/state fire codes. Currently, the University does not have any plans for future improvements to fire safety.

Unless otherwise stated in this report, all policy statements above apply to all Xavier University (Main Campus, ABSN Columbus, ABSN Cleveland, and ABSN Cincinnati) campuses.