CAREER DEVELOPMENT

The Career Development staff is available to assist you with your major, career, and job/graduate school search and planning.

Our office is located in 530 Conaton Learning Commons. We are open 8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.

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FINDING JOB AND INTERNSHIP OPPORTUNITIES

1. NETWORKING:
   • Talk to people you know; ask for advice and get referrals to their connections.
   • Discuss career goals with faculty, staff, and career coaches.
   • Conduct informational interviews and job shadowing visits.
   • Attend career and networking events.
   • Join professional and student organizations.
   • Develop a professional profile on LinkedIn and a positive online presence.
   • Talk to current supervisors about turning your internship into a full-time job after graduation.
   • Contact the XU Alumni Chapter in your geographic area of interest.

2. ONLINE:
   • Search available and previous postings at xavier.edu/handshake.
   • Search job search boards specific to your field of interest.
   • Use the “Jobs” feature on LinkedIn.
   • If searching abroad, use GoinGlobal (accessed via xavier.edu/handshake).
   • Use job boards within professional organization websites.

3. ON-CAMPUS RECRUITING:
   • Attend employer panels and information sessions.
   • Sign up for on-campus interviews.
   • Attend the Fall and Spring Career Fairs, Education Fair and Post-Graduate Volunteer Fair.
   • Schedule a resumé critique or mock interview with an employer.

DO

✓ Utilize several job search strategies.
✓ Tailor your resumé and cover letter for every application.
✓ Research the employers to whom you are applying.
✓ Dress professionally for interviews.
✓ Refine your online search terms to find positions that fit your skills.

DON’T

✗ Don’t procrastinate! Employers start recruiting in August each academic year.
✗ Don’t get discouraged. According to Money magazine, the average job-search process takes just over six weeks.
✗ Don’t apply to jobs you’re not interested in.
✗ Don’t continue to job search/interview after you have accepted an offer.
Does this sound familiar? You open a LinkedIn account, create a basic profile, rarely update it and log on only to accept connection invitations. Here’s the thing: LinkedIn is about so much more than just having a profile. It’s useful to you not only in your job and internship search, but also as a growing professional. Meet with a career coach to learn more and create a stronger profile.

FINDING JOBS AND INTERNSHIPS
Input your search terms and location on the “Jobs” tab of LinkedIn. Use the filters at the top to refine your search and get to a reasonable number of results. Try filtering by full-time, part-time, specific location, industry, experience level, and others. Use caution when filtering by salary; those results are often an estimation by LinkedIn rather than a salary actually posted by the employer.

Be found by a recruiter! Keeping your profile up-to-date with industry-specific keywords helps recruiters find you. There is also an option to show recruiters you are open to being contacted.

CAREER EXPLORATION
Not sure what you want to do with your major or what companies hire people with your major? Use the Alumni page (linkedin.com/alumni) to see the Xavier alumni on LinkedIn. You can filter that database by major, industry, geographic area, and job function. Search for job titles that interest you, such as “business analyst” or “occupational therapist.” The results will show you where XU alumni work, their career paths, and potential companies that might have jobs or internships available. This approach could help find job titles or companies you’ve not considered.

INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEWS
Want to talk with someone from a specific company or in a certain career? Use the search box to find connections on LinkedIn and request a meeting, phone conversation or to connect. In your request, be specific about why you are reaching out; do NOT use the generic message.

TIP: If in the same group, such as “Xavier University Alumni,” you can direct message a contact by searching for that contact within the group page.

TIP: When requesting a meeting/phone call, the focus is on learning about the contact’s experience. Do NOT ask for a job lead! See the “Informational Interviewing” section of this book for sample questions to ask.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
Professional Development is one of the most overlooked parts of LinkedIn. Yes, LinkedIn is fantastic for posting your profile and looking for jobs and companies. However, it can also be used as a professional development tool. Join groups based on your industry and interests. The more you use LinkedIn, the more customized your home page and results will become. Articles will show up specific to your customizations. Check them out to see what’s trending in your areas of interest (useful for interviews) and who the movers and shakers are.

These quick tips can help you truly maximize your LinkedIn experience. Not sure about details or hesitant on how to proceed? No problem. Make an appointment with a Career Coach or visit during our daily drop-in hours. We would love to assist!
INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEWING

INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEWS ARE ONE ASPECT OF NETWORKING IN WHICH YOU, THE INTERVIEWER, ARE ASKING FOR INFORMATION, NOT A JOB. THE KNOWLEDGE GAINED FROM AN INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEW CAN HELP YOU DETERMINE WHICH COURSES AND QUALIFICATIONS ARE NECESSARY FOR SPECIFIC CAREER PATHS, THE TYPES OF JOBS OR COMPANIES BEST SUITED FOR YOU, WHAT SKILLS YOU MAY WANT TO GAIN, AND MORE. ALL WHILE INCREASING YOUR NETWORK WITHIN YOUR FIELD OF INTEREST. FOR BEST RESULTS, TREAT THIS LIKE A PROFESSIONAL INTERVIEW.

INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEWING CAN HELP YOU:

• Discover jobs that are not publicly advertised.
• Expand your knowledge of the job market in the field you want to explore.
• Learn how to become a more qualified candidate.
• Build support for your job search.
• Investigate a specific career field.
• Uncover career options you never knew existed.
• Assist in narrowing (or expanding) options.
• Obtain advice on where your skills might be best applied.
• Learn about important issues in a career field.
• Broaden your own network of contacts for future reference.

HOW TO SCHEDULE AN INFORMATIONAL INTERVIEW

There are several ways to schedule an informational interview, limited only by your creativity and initiative. However, it is important to remember most professionals prefer appointments. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to call a person to schedule an appointment or request an informational interview by email.

MAKE SURE YOUR EMAIL INCLUDES:

• The name of the person whom you are contacting.
• The purpose of your communication: “Seeking advice, perspective, and to learn about your career path.”
• The action that you want them to take: “Set up a time for an interview at your convenience.”

From: Anita Job
To: Mr. Smyth
Cc: John Smyth
Subject: Advice and Perspective

Dear Mr. Smyth,

I am a junior business student at Xavier University and am interested in working at XYZ Employer. I saw your profile on LinkedIn and am interested in how you arrived at your position and what your career path has looked like. Would it be possible to buy you coffee and chat? I would love to hear more about your story and see what advice you might have for me. If your schedule doesn’t allow, may we talk via phone or email at your convenience?

I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Anita Job
555-555-5555
SAMPLE QUESTIONS:

What are the most interesting aspects of your job?
What do you do in a typical day?
How did you enter this job/career?
What part of your work do you consider dull or repetitious?
How would you recommend someone break into this field?
What educational background or certification is required?
What kind of experience would help in this career?
Are there specific courses a student might take that would be particularly beneficial in this field?
What are the disadvantages and advantages of this career?
Is a great deal of travel connected with this job?
What types of training do companies give to people entering this field?
What technologies are integrated into this career?
What recommendations would you have for an entry-level person considering this career?
How do you see the jobs in the field changing over the next 10 years? How can I best prepare for these changes?
How can I learn more about this career/job?
What professional organizations are active and responsive in this career field?
Who would you recommend I contact for more information about this career?

PREPARING FOR THE INTERVIEW:

• Keep in mind that you are investigating a career and trying to establish a network at the same time.
• Research the organization.
• Prepare your questions. See sample questions.
• Keep your purpose in mind.
• Dress professionally or business casual.

DURING THE INTERVIEW:

• Be yourself and relax. Remember, you are the interviewer, and this is NOT a job interview.
• Take notes during the interview.
• Ask for the names of others you can contact, “Who else do you recommend I reach out to in order to learn more?”
• Keep the door open for further contact by asking if you could connect on LinkedIn and maintain communication.

AFTER THE INTERVIEW:

• Send a thank you email within two days after your interview.
• Send a LinkedIn invite to connect.
• Follow up on anything you discussed during the meeting.
WHY YOU NEED A STRONG RESUMÉ:
• A strong resumé gets you the interview. (The interview gets you the job!)
• An employer spends an average of 15-20 seconds reviewing a resumé.

WHEN YOU NEED A STRONG RESUMÉ:
• Internship Search
• Job Search
• Networking
• Career Fairs
• Job Interviews
• Application for awards and campus/community involvement
• Graduate school admission (depending on your program, you may need a curriculum vitae/CV)

TOP RESUMÉ WRITING TIPS
1. Your goal is to create a visually appealing, concise, easy-to-read, informative and compelling resumé.
2. Be honest and accurate with the content of your resumé. Remember it reflects you.
3. Include only the information that you are willing and able to talk about in an interview.
4. Be concise. Most entry-level resumés are one page, though can be longer in certain professions/majors. Do not have two pages just to have two pages.
5. Avoid using resumé templates. They are too limiting in what you can highlight and do not reflect your uniqueness. They are also difficult to edit later.
6. Write with your audience in mind. Each resumé should be tailored to the job for which you are applying, with specific skills and qualifications relevant to each position.
7. Keep track of your accomplishments and update on a regular basis. Your resumé is a fluid document and building it is a process, not a one-time event.
8. The most relevant information for the job goes on the top half of the first page or the first page (if 2 pages).
9. Write powerful marketing bullets that highlight your accomplishments.
10. Do not use personal pronouns such as “I” or “my:”
11. Avoid trite phrases, slang or clichés.
12. Mark the document Read-Only or convert to a PDF when emailing your resumé.
13. Accompany each resumé with a strong, specific and personalized cover letter.
14. Section headings can be changed to meet specific goals.
15. Entries within sections are listed in reverse chronological order (most recent on top).
Anita Job
3800 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, OH 45207
joba@xavier.edu | (312) 555-3764

PROFESSIONAL SUMMARY
Bilingual Business Analytics major with particular interest in utilizing analytical and problem skills in a sports-related environment. 3+ years experience as team manager for both collegiate and high school athletics. Voted “Manager of the Year” for 2 consecutive years.

EDUCATION
Bachelor of Science in Business Administration
Major: Business Analytics | Minor: Spanish
Xavier University, Williams College of Business
• GPA: 3.54/4.00

Study Abroad Student
Universidad Loyola Andalucia
• 8 week study abroad program with a focus on international business and Spanish language immersion

RELEVANT EXPERIENCE
Data Analytics and Marketing Intern
Carson Sports Analysis
• Managed scoutSMART clients in the CRM database Hatchbuck by updating current information and entering new information to streamline communication process
• Designed, drafted, and disseminated marketing campaigns via Hatchbuck, resulting in an increase in new client engagement by 22%
• Executed an athlete recognition program, which grew scoutSMART’s Twitter exposure by 300,000 impressions

Team Manager
Xavier University Women’s Basketball
• Provided logistical preparation for all basketball activities including games, practices, travel and team related events
• Responsible for performing administrative duties for the coaching staff and players during and outside of practices and games
• Voted “Manager of the Year” for 2 consecutive years for outstanding service to Xavier University athletics and the women’s basketball team

Interactive Marketing Analytics Xperience Program Participant
Google
• Selected as 1 of 30 students for the highly-competitive program sponsored by Google
• Gained insider industry insight on the future of big data and marketing analytics from Google executives
• Networked with marketing professionals and students from across the country

CAMPUS & COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT
President, Xavier Ladies with an Emphasis on Achievement and Distinction, Cincinnati, OH, January 2018 – Present
Garden Volunteer, Moriah Pie, Cincinnati, OH, November 2016 – Present
Member, Xavier University Marketing Club, Cincinnati, OH, August 2016 – Present

SKILLS
Bilingual: English & Spanish
Microsoft Excel: Advanced
Adobe Creative Suite: Intermediate
HOW TO SET UP YOUR RESUMÉ

FORMAT AND STYLE
• Margins should be between 1 inch and ½ inch.
• Font size should be between 10 and 12.
• The font size should be the same throughout the body of your document.
• Choose a font that is simple and easy to read (e.g. Cambria, Helvetica, Franklin Gothic, Garamond).
• Use simple symbols for bullet points.
• Be consistent in each section, i.e. if your title is bold for your work experiences, it should also be bold for your student and community involvement.

OVERALL PRESENTATION
• Make a positive first impression that’s easy to read with clear subheadings to separate information.
• List most relevant and compelling information first (i.e., Education section should appear near top).
• Limit your resume to one page unless industry allows for more. If two pages, include significant relevant information in at least half of the second page with your name and page number in header.
• Maintain a good visual balance between text and white space.
• Proofread carefully for correct spelling, typos, and proper use of grammar.

CONTACT INFORMATION
• Your name should be the largest font on the page (16–22 pt.)
• Use one email address (preferably Xavier email if you are a current student).
• Include your personal phone number.
• Choose one street address, either your home or school address, depending on which is closest to the position for which you are applying.
• Include your customized LinkedIn URL.

PROFESSIONAL SUMMARY
• Summarize your essential skills that you want to showcase to an employer.
• Reference the job description to find keywords and phrases that matter to the employer.
• Limit to no more than three lines.

EDUCATION
• List Xavier University and the full name of your degree (e.g. Bachelor of Science, Master of Business Administration).
• Include your GPA if it is 3.5 or above.
• High school should only be on your resumé through the end of sophomore year.
• Study abroad can also be listed in this section.

EXPERIENCE
• Present in reverse chronological order with accurate company name and location, job title and dates.
• Include both paid and unpaid experiences, including significant club involvement, course projects, internships, volunteer involvement, etc.
• Group experiences into categories in alignment with career objective (e.g. Internship Experience, Marketing Experience, Professional Experience, Relevant Experience, Other Experience, Volunteer Experience, Leadership Experience, Laboratory Experience).
• Use easy-to-read, concise bulleted statements (not paragraph/narrative form) to describe your experience.
• Rank most important bullet points first. When applying for different positions rearrange ranking to best meet the specific qualifications.
• Be consistent listing months and years (ex: September 2015 or 09/2015 is acceptable).

LEADERSHIP/COMMUNITY/ VOLUNTEER ACTIVITIES (OPTIONAL SECTION)
• List recent meaningful experiences in reverse chronological order.
• Keep format consistent with experience section; identify leadership titles and organization names.

SKILLS: (OPTIONAL SECTION)
• List language skills with qualifiers: literate, conversational, proficient, fluent.
• List computer skills in regard to specific applications such as Microsoft Word, Powerpoint or Outlook. List proficiency level when applicable.
• List computer languages and software specific to the industry.

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION (OPTIONAL SECTION)
• Include special licenses, certifications, outside training or tests passed, conferences, presentations, publications that are relevant to career objective.
• Keep this section short and concise. This information should not overshadow other sections.
The best resumés do more than just describe the tasks you’ve performed. They showcase your skills and accomplishments related to the job you’re applying for. The primary goal of bullet points is convincing your target audience that you possess skills, knowledge and attributes that will help them attain their strategic goals.

TO BUILD POWERFUL BULLET POINTS, ASK YOURSELF THESE QUESTIONS:
• What did you do? (Begin with a strong action verb.)
• Why did you do it? (State the strategic objective.)
• How did you go about it? (Be concise and chronological).
• What was the outcome? (Use measurable outcomes wherever possible.)

Quantify and use numbers whenever possible. The more detail you give, the better the employer will understand why you are the best candidate for the job.

EXAMPLES
GOOD: Wrote press releases.
BETTER: Wrote press releases about upcoming events to enhance publicity and increase participation.
BEST: Wrote 15 press releases detailing upcoming events, sent to 100 local media outlets to raise publicity and attracted up to 2,000 community members to a movie premiere.

ORGANIZATIONAL SKILLS:
• Streamlined process for collecting late accounts, securing $5,000 in past-due accounts.
• Organized and inventoried company’s merchandise and office supplies to increase the accuracy and speed of intercompany orders.

ANALYTICAL SKILLS:
• Audited season parking passes which resulted in a complete and organized record for the 2010 season.
• Researched 21 dimensions of taxation in 12 counties, comparing taxes based on dollar assumptions which helped county commissioners compare levels of efficiency in tax collection.

TEAMWORK SKILLS:
• Trained and coached six new associates on store software, procedures, and products to promote a positive customer experience and increase sales.

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION:
• Initiated redesign of office management systems resulting in easier access to information.
• Evaluated and updated internet site as it grew to over 2,000 pages and images, generating 200 hits daily.
• Surveyed over 500 households through response cards and interviewed 35 veterinary customer service receptionists to collect market research for a customer satisfaction survey campaign for over 20 animal hospitals.

WRITTEN AND ORAL COMMUNICATION SKILLS:
• Presented research findings to panel of eight faculty and students at undergraduate research symposium.
• Persuaded university administration to grant permission for event with attendance of 200 students.

OVERVIEW OF ACCOMPLISHMENTS:
• Voted “Team Player” by co-workers and supervisors based on a reputation for working well with others.
Be sure your verb tense is in agreement with each experience: past tense with past experiences and present tense when describing current positions.

### CLERICAL/DETAIL SKILLS
- approved
- compiled
- implemented
- prepared
- recorded
- arranged
- documented
- inspected
- processed
- systemized
- catalogued
- finalized
- monitored
- organized
- tabulated

### COMMUNICATION SKILLS
- addressed
- corresponded
- formulated
- negotiated
- recruited
- arbitrated
- developed
- influenced
- persuaded
- spoke
- authored
- directed
- interpreted
- presented
- translated
- collaborated
- drafted
- lectured
- promoted
- wrote

### CREATIVE SKILLS
- acted
- customized
- fashioned
- instituted
- originated
- composed
- designed
- founded
- integrated
- planned
- conceived
- developed
- illustrated
- introduced
- revitalized
- conceptualized
- initiated
- invented
- shaped
- directed

### FINANCIAL SKILLS
- administered
- audited
- computed
- forecasted
- planned
- allocated
- balanced
- decreased
- managed
- projected
- analyzed
- budgeted
- developed
- marketed
- researched

### HELPING SKILLS
- advised
- contributed
- empowered
- expedited
- motivated
- assessed
- counseled
- enabled
- facilitated
- referred
- clarified
- demonstrated
- enhanced
- familiarized
- rehabilitated
- coached
- diagnosed
- ensured
- guided
- represented

### MANAGEMENT SKILLS
- administered
- consolidated
- evaluated
- oversaw
- recommended
- allocated
- contracted
- executed
- planned
- scheduled
- analyzed
- coordinated
- improved
- prioritized
- spearheaded
- assigned
- delegated
- led
- produced
- supervised

### RESEARCH SKILLS
- clarified
- eliminated
- identified
- investigated
- surveyed
- collected
- evaluated
- inspected
- organized
- systematized
- diagnosed
- examined
- interpreted
- reviewed
- wrote

### TEACHING SKILLS
- adapted
- coached
- encouraged
- facilitated
- mentored
- advised
- coordinated
- evaluated
- guided
- stimulated
- clarified
- developed
- explained
- instructed
- trained

### TECHNICAL SKILLS
- assembled
- computed
- engineered
- installed
- overhauled
- built
- converted
- expanded
- maintained
- programmed
HOW TO SET UP YOUR COVER LETTER
SEE THE STEP-BY-STEP TEMPLATE BELOW.

Your present address
City, State Zip Code
Email
Phone

Date

Mr./Ms.______, Title (Skip this line if you do not have a specific name)
Name of Company
Street Address
City, State Zip Code

Dear Hiring Manager/Search Committee/Ms./Mr./__________________,

1 INTRODUCTION
Demonstrate your employment interest by expressing the specific position in which you are interested. Express your motivation/appeal/reference for applying for this position at this specific company. If you have a personal contact within the company, include it in this introductory paragraph. Be specific about position and company. Perhaps mention the top 3 things you have to give them that they are looking for.

2 WHY YOU?
Explain how you are a great match. Describe why you fit the company and position description. What experiences and education do you have that make you a great candidate? Note that a cover letter does not talk about how you will benefit, but how and what you will give to the business relationship. Avoid regurgitating your resumé. Tell a story; paint a picture; show passion, relevance and how you will add value.

3 WHY THEM?
Why do you want to work at this specific company? Perhaps you do just want a job. Don’t let them know that, though. Show your research! Essentially, you can send the same cover letter to everyone, but it shows. What is great is when an applicant truly shows knowledge of the company and shows how they fit into it seamlessly. Wrap yourself into it and show your fit. Show why you want them and how you connect.

4 CONCLUSION
Express your interest in an interview and tell the employer how you may be reached. Close your letter with a simple statement of appreciation for the employer’s time in reviewing and considering your credentials.

Sincerely,

Handwritten signature (or just 3-5 lines/spaces and no handwritten signature)
Typed signature

TOP COVER LETTER TIPS
• Cover letters can be formatted many ways. Just make sure the four points are addressed.
• A resumé should always be accompanied by a cover letter.
• Keep your cover letter precise and to the point.
• Be straightforward and stick to one page.
• Focus on what you can do for the employer, not what the employer can do for you.
• Prepare each cover letter from scratch, individually targeting that specific position at that specific organization.
• Do not regurgitate your resumé. This is your chance to show passion and tell your story.
• Think about the core competencies that the position description mentions. This will give you an idea of what to include in your cover letter.
• A cover letter may have many forms. Some are all paragraphs and some are a mixture of paragraphs and bullet points. There is no absolutely correct way.
PROFESSIONAL REFERENCES

Professional references can make or break your career search. It is therefore important to select references with care to ensure that the feedback they give to your potential employer is positive.

- References go on a separate document. Do not list them on your résumé.
- References are different than letters of recommendation. While some employers may accept letters of recommendation, it is expected that you also supply individuals with whom an employer may speak.
- Expect to give three references.

COMMUNICATE WITH YOUR REFERENCES:

- Before listing someone as a reference, ASK THEM if they would be willing.
- Next, ask for your reference’s preferred email or phone number (do not assume).
- Keep your references up-to-date about the job search (if you are interviewing, etc.).
- If you are interviewing and/or are told that an employer will contact references, let your references know.
- Share with them your résumé, cover letter, and the position description. Also share with them the things the employer has talked about and seeks.

Anita Job
3800 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, OH 45207
joba@xavier.edu | (312) 555-3764

REFERENCES

Name #1
Position Title
Company/Organization Name
City, State
Phone
Email

Name #2
Position Title
Company/Organization Name
City, State
Phone
Email

Name #3
Position Title
Company/Organization Name
City, State
Phone
Email

REFERENCES TIPS

- Match your cover letter and reference headers to the heading on your résumé to create a more cohesive application.
- Make sure the phone numbers and email addresses are the ones preferred by the references.
- Option: Include “Relationship” and state how you know the individual.
  Example: Relationship: Volunteer site supervisor
OTHER TYPES OF INTERVIEWS:

- **Phone Interview:** Phone interviews are often (but not always) quick, 30-minute interviews used for an initial screening of candidates. However, it is just as important to prep and practice for a phone interview as thoroughly as you would for an in-person interview.

- **Video Interview:** Video interviews can take the place of an in-person interview if you are a long-distance candidate or might be a screening interview. For a video interview, you should dress professionally, and find a quiet, well-lit space where you will not be interrupted.

INTERVIEWING 101

PREPARING FOR AN INTERVIEW:

Preparing for an interview does not just mean researching the company. You also need to understand what skills you have to offer the employer that align with the job posting. Below are the elements of preparation to make you a successful candidate.

DO YOUR HOMEWORK ON THE ORGANIZATION:

This is often overlooked but recruiters believe research is key to interviewing success. Find out as much as you can about the organization including the history, sources of pride, current happenings (i.e. new product, new service). At a minimum, visit the organization's website, review recruiting materials, and even consult local periodicals and newspapers. To go the extra mile, try talking to a current employee.

DO YOUR HOMEWORK ON YOURSELF AND ON THE POSITION:

Review your experience thoroughly. What are the top three to five skills or experiences you can offer the employer?

DRESS FOR SUCCESS:

Your primary goal in dressing for an interview is to feel good about the way you look while projecting an image that matches the requirements of the position and the company. You want to be remembered for your qualifications and fit with the company, not your outfit.

WHAT TO BRING:

Bring copies of your resumé (more than you think you will need), a padfolio with a pen, and a copy of your references. Do not bring your backpack.
ACE THAT INTERVIEW: USE **STAR!**

Answering questions in a job interview is often daunting. The key is anticipating questions and practicing how you will respond. The best interviewees are those who can respond completely and succinctly to questions while highlighting their strengths and skills.

You may be asked behavioral interview questions that prompt you to provide examples of situations you have encountered in the past and help the employer understand how you will deal with different situations at their organization. Ideally, the examples you provide will convince the interviewer that you have the skills, experience, and behaviors that are a match for the position and the culture of the organization.

Use the following framework (the STAR method) when answering interview questions to organize your answers in a way that highlights your skills and gives employers an idea of how you might fit into their organization.

| S | SITUATION | Describe the situation. |
| T | TASK | Task involved in the situation. |
| A | ACTION | Action you took to solve or complete the task. |
| R | RESULTS | What was the result of your action? What have you learned since? |

**APPLYING STAR**

**SITUATION:** (Class project, student activity, volunteer experience, job, …)
Example: As a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers student chapter …

**TASK:** (Goal, problem to be solved, improvement to be made, …)
Example: “I suggested establishing a mentoring program for area junior high school students to increase their interest in math and science and as a way for engineering students to explore careers in teaching.”

**ACTION:** (Planning and implementation done to reach goal, solve problem, …)
Example: “I formed a committee to research the topic and then developed procedures, policies, and marketing ideas. To recruit participants, we designed a direct-mail postcard to send to all mechanical engineering students. After presenting our proposal to a local middle school science teacher, we were welcomed into the classroom.”

**RESULT (The outcome, influences, changes, …)**
Example: “Ten pairs of students were active in the mentoring program last year. As seniors, two engineering graduates entered the teaching profession, and the junior high students started an engineering club after school. We have already started organizing this year’s program with the same teacher. As a result of this experience, I learned the importance of continual professional development, both individually and as a team.”
QUESTIONS INTERVIEWERS MAY ASK:

- Tell me about yourself.
- Why are you interested in our organization? What do you know about us?
- Why do you want to work in (career field)?
- What work experience has been the most valuable to you and why?
- Give an example of a problem you have solved and the process you used.
- What is your greatest accomplishment?
- Describe a situation in which you had a conflict with another individual and how you dealt with it.
- Why did you choose to attend Xavier and how did you select your major(s) in ________?
- What types of situations put you under pressure and how do you deal with the pressure?
- What three trends do you see in the future for our industry?
- What are your top three strengths?
- What is your greatest weakness?
- Tell me about a time you failed.
- What are some of the most creative things you have done?
- What has been one of your greatest disappointments and how did you respond?
- Tell me about a time when you went above and beyond.
- What characteristics do you think are important for this position?
- Describe a situation in which you were criticized and how you responded.
- Where do you see yourself in five years?
- What salary are you expecting?
- Why should I hire you?
- What questions do you have for us?

QUESTIONS TO ASK YOUR INTERVIEWER:

- How would you describe the culture of your organization?
- To what extent will I be responsible for determining my work objectives?
- Describe the rotational training program associated with this position/internship.
- How is employee performance evaluated during the training period? What career paths have others generally followed after completing the program?
- As an intern, what kind of projects will I receive?
- In what ways has this organization been most successful in terms of products/services over the past several years?
- If I work hard and prove my value to the company, where might I find myself in five years?
- What is a typical work week for a (position) in your company?
- Does your organization encourage its employees to pursue additional education?
- What other positions/departments will I interact with the most?
- What are the key business reasons driving the need for this position?
- Describe the three top challenges that I’ll face in this job.
- What are the key deliverables and outcomes this position must achieve?
- Describe the top three initiatives for your company/department and how this position is linked to these initiatives.
- What are the key metrics for measuring success in this position?
- How do you feel my style will complement the team culture?
It is good practice to send thank-you emails* to those who give you their time, either in person or over the phone.

WHEN TO WRITE THANK-YOU NOTES:
- When you meet a professional at a conference, classroom presentation, job fair, etc.
- After a job or informational interview.

TIPS FOR SAYING THANKS:
- Always write thank-you notes within 48 hours (24 hours is optimal).
- Sending an email thank-you note is advisable, especially if the hiring manager is set to make a fast decision. Following up with a handwritten note demonstrates further initiative.
- It is especially important to write a thank-you note after an employment interview to at least the primary interviewer.
- If you are interviewed by more than one individual, it may be helpful to write to each person.
- When writing individual notes, it is important to personalize them as much as possible. It requires more time and effort, but it’s an impressive touch!

ANATOMY OF A POST-INTERVIEW THANK-YOU NOTE:

PARAGRAPH 1: Shows gratitude and makes specific reference to the job.

PARAGRAPH 2: Reiterates interest in the position and stresses key points working in the candidate’s favor. When writing to more than one interviewer, you may want to note a particular question asked by the interviewer or thank them for a specific kindness that was extended.

PARAGRAPH 3: Stresses the “fit.” The “Why Me” part of the letter.

PARAGRAPH 4: Restates gratitude and closes on a positive note.

*Please see Handshake for sample thank-you notes.
*While handwritten letters might make you stand out, often time is of the essence. If you decide to do both, write different things in each.
FIRST AND FOREMOST, CONGRATULATIONS!
YOU OBVIOUSLY STAND OUT TO THE EMPLOYER.

WELL DONE. SO, NOW WHAT?
• When you first receive the email or call with a position offer, always be and act excited:
  “Thank you so much! I am very excited about this opportunity.”
• Then, even if you know you want the position, ask for time:
  – “I would like a little time to think about and review the position and benefits (if applicable). When would you like an answer?”
  – Make sure you respond to them no later than that date (earlier if you absolutely know or want to negotiate).

NOW’S THE TIME FOR A BIT OF REFLECTION
Employers occasionally offer the job and salary simultaneously. Do not feel obligated to say yes right away. It is customary to ask for 24-48 hours to review the offer. Take a few days to think about pros and cons, allowing you time to review all of the information and benefits. Make sure you contact them with your answer by their deadline.
If you know you are not interested, let them know sooner than later. You want to allow them time to contact the other candidates in a timely fashion.
For more information on what to consider and what to say (including declining an offer and more), please visit xavier.edu/career/students.

Once you accept an offer, you cannot change your mind. Reneging on a job offer can cause significant damage to your professional reputation. Employers have wide networks and you never know who that employer knows that could damage your chances for a position in the future.
For more information and ideas on negotiating salary, start dates, benefits, and more, please visit xavier.edu/career/students.